ORIENTAL LEGENDS

JACOB VOORSANGER MEMORIAL



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OTHER POEMS.

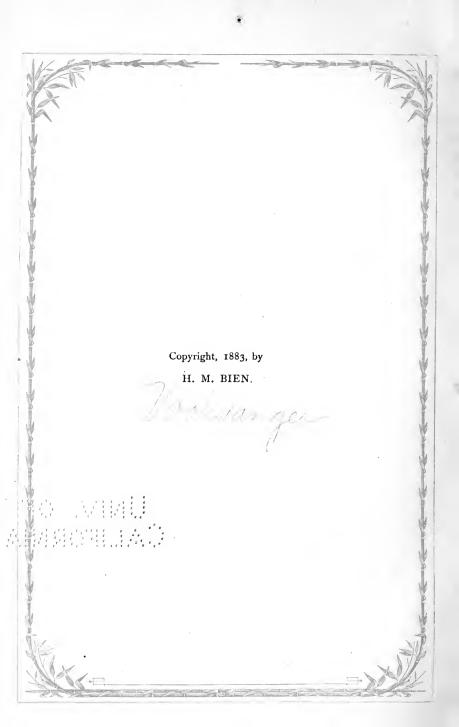
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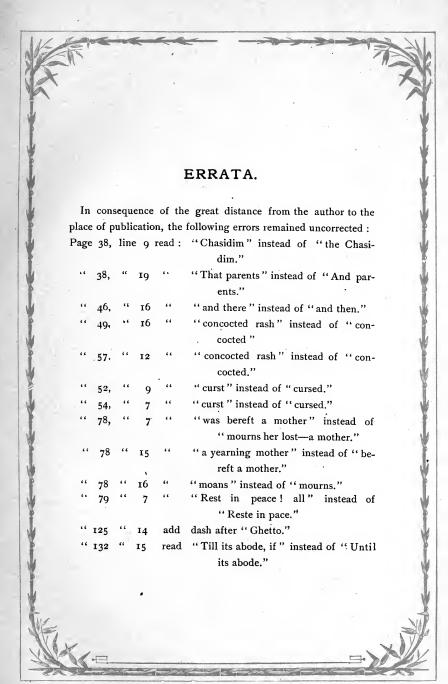
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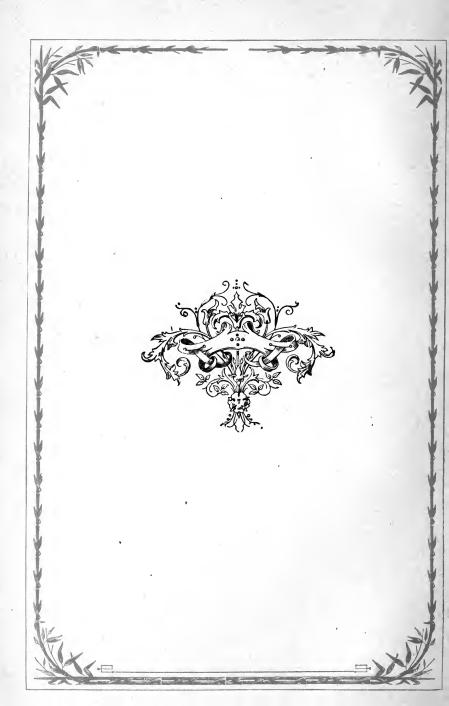
RABBI H. M. BIRW.

NEW YORK :

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1883.







ΤO

My Generous Subscribers

wно

HAVE SO KINDLY ENCOURAGED ME

то

COLLECT THESE STRAY RHYMES OF MY LEISURE,

AND

TO THE INTELLIGENT READING PUBLIC AT LARGE,

ALL OF WHOM WILL, IT IS HOPED,

PATIENTLY BEAR WITH THEIR MANY DEFECTS,

THIS VOLUME

IS RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED.



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I have read your various "Oriental Legends" with great interest and pleasure.—H. W. LONGFELLOW.



PROEM.

At which I now careless glance,
Half in dream and half in trance,
Serves, perhaps, as toy or taper,
At the will of fate or chance.
In the cause of God or devil
It may work for good or evil—
Truth proclaim or ignorance.

Or may be a merchant failing,
Stays his ruin yet awhile
With this scrap and by his guile.
Nay, some prisoner at the railing
Trusting Mercy's hopeful smile,
Feels his heart sink, deathly smitten,
When the jury's verdict, written,
By this paper, goes on file.

Or perchance some bashful lover,
With a trembling or a frown,
Tries to write his passion down;
Or the leaf becomes a cover

10

For some trick of rogue or clown.

It has power to bind and sever,

To enslave or free forever,

Sink or raise a realm or crown.

Who, who dare claim the decision
Its true purport or its way
To predict, or guess, or say?
Such, ha, ha! is human vision!
Speculate as e'er we may,
It ends most like this in vapor;
Served already has the paper
For a Minstrel's roundelay.



Oriental Aegends.

THE BIRTH OF THE HEART.

Have ever you heard the tradition of old,

Amongst the Orientals often told,

How that beautiful part,

The human heart—

Heaven's own image and counterpart,

Angelic essence, spirit and mould—

Was wrought at the final hour of creation,

The story is certainly good to repeat;
And thus it doth run: All fair and complete,

The universe stood,

In the attitude
Of youth and perfection, grand and good.
The Sabbath approached. At the Maker's feet,

Idea sublime, God's best inspiration?

In clay, stood the form of Adam created; The breath of life he only awaited.

The angels to whom had been assigned The forming of first of humankind,

With pride and zest

Had done their best

To make him superior to all the rest—

Perfection, use, and beauty combined.

Alas! the most vital part, they lamented,

Had been forgotten; too late they repented.

The heart they omitted! In trouble and shame Bowed down before the Almighty, they came.

> "How shall we atone For duty undone?"

Then spake the Lord: "Peace, every one!
Go gather quick, in My holy name,
What fragments are left from My six days'
labor."

Each joyfully hastened away with his neighbor.

And presently every one returns In hope that speed forgiveness earns.

And such a string Of scraps they bring, Incongruous and everything.
It seems they gathered from endless concerns
Abundance of stern and grotesque material,
Solids and fluids, gross and aerial.

One brought of lion's pomposity,

Another of tiger's ferocity;

With jackal's greed,

And antelope's speed,

Courage and pride of the wilderness' steed;

The fox's guile, the wild goat's glee,

The serpent's cunning, the lamb's mild features—

The virtue and vice of all living creatures.

The song of the birds, the howl of the wolf; The ripple of fountains, the roar of the gulf;

The flowers' perfume;

The smell of the tomb;

The light of the sun and dark night's gloom; With acid muriatic and nitric and sulph., Heat of the flame and glaciers frozen—
Of life and death some each had chosen.

The Lord in mercy and kindness smiled When He saw what was brought to His human child;

ORIENTAL LEGENDS.

And He added Love—
Bright, shining dove!—
Strengthened by Hope for here and Above,
And covered the whole with Charity mild;
Then breathed in man's nostrils the life he awaited.

And Sabbath had come! The World was created!

Thus runs in tradition the legend of old, Amongst the Orientals often told:

How that beautiful part, The human heart—

Heaven's own image and counterpart; Its angel essence and spirit and mould, Idea sublime, God's best inspiration— Was wrought at the final hour of creation.



THE CREATION OF MAN.

"And Elohim said, Let us make man in our own image and likeness."—GENESIS i. 26.

FROM out the quaint Agadah* of old Talmudic fame

This mystical tradition of man's creation came:

In six days were completely the earth and heaven made,

With all their hosts—"And very good they are!" the Lord hath said.

Entire the work is done, Except the final one—

That one in whom without a doubt it shall be demonstrated:

He is the crown and masterpiece of everything created.

Then each celestial legion, the angels far and , near,

Immediately were summoned for council to appear.

^{*} The legendary part of the Talmud.

Harmonious ring hosannas in welling, swelling tone,

Till music fills the endless sphere, when God spake from His throne:

"My will, My scope and plan, It fits: let Us make man!

To rule the world and all thereof 'tis My mature reflection;'

But whosoever choose may urge now any fair objection."

Forthwith entreated Justice, whose words like prayer seem:

"Thy wisdom, Heavenly Father, in all things is supreme!

But man called to existence will right defy, and oh!

With cruelty, wrong, and lawlessness, with anguish, tears, and woe,

The guiltless earth he'll fill; Therefore abide Thy will!

Ah! keep unstained this perfect world, whose beauties are unnumbered;

Create him not, nor mar nor spoil this globe by man encumbered."

The angel Truth next uttered this earnest, fervent plea:

"We all submit devoutly to Thy divine decree.

O Father! wherefore wilt Thou not from this work abstain?

For man, when once created, will never more refrain,

With calumny and lie,

Thy kingdom to defy;

Veracity from earth will part, and happiness will vanish.

Create him not! Thus falsehood Thou wilt from creation banish!"

Now Freedom quick stepped forward and pleaded piteously:

"If Thou, O God! must fashion this man, let me first die;

For in his wake are coming destructive, crushing trains—

Oppression, tyranny, and slaves with shackles, bonds, and chains.

His advent sure will stay On earth Thy glorious sway."

- All Heaven seemed moved at these sad words, tearful exclaimed and kneeling:
- "Create him not! leave man undone!"—thus Liberty's appealing.
- There was a hush of silence, as from the foremost band
- A trio of seraphim came forward, hand in hand;
- Like symphonies resounded sweet their united prayer:
- "Create, O Lord! create Thou man; entrust him to our care.

Untired and firm, though mild, We'll ever lead Thy child

- From sin and error of the earth, high to salvation's region.
- Create him, Lord!" thus loud implore Love, Faith, and Hope—Religion.
- From dust of earth Elohim formed man, to end this strife.
- And then into his nostrils God breathed the breath of life.

In his own image and likeness created Adam He:

And blessed him with dominion o'er the land and o'er the sea;

Endowed him most sublime, To reach his goal betime,

Ordaining that humanity in holy troth be plighted

To Justice, Truth, to Freedom, Love, to Faith and Hope united.

THE CREATION OF WOMAN.

THUS runs the parable the rabbins have related

How in the world's beginning woman was created:

"It is not good that man should be alone," The Lord said, as He summoned to His throne

The hosts of Heaven. "Adam must be mated!
God and two loving hearts alone shall be but One."

And then was brought before the angels without number

Adam, the first of man, in deep and death like slumber.

To every human part was speech supplied, For each to state which one should make the bride.

They must, however, not God's plan encumber, Her truly to become his helpmate, friend, and guide.

Now Heaven was filled with loud and eloquent recitals

Of heart and brains, of trunk and all the limbs and vitals.

Each one most fervent urged his special cause,

As litigants obscure or unmade laws.

Such stretched importance, claims, unheard-of titles!

One would have thought the world without them came to pause.

At last, when vanity and self-praise long had spoken,

A rib stood bashful forth and plead: "I'm but a token

Of modest merit, trying by the grace Of Thee, my Maker, to fill out my place;

I know that I must bend, or will be broken; Submission is my claim, unselfishness my case."

"Thou art the chosen!" spake the Lord, "and here I shower

Upon thee all man's highest concentrated power."

One touch of His creative hand did weave Such beauty, grace, such love, strength to believe,

Such amiability, a woman's dower,

That all celestials sang hosanna—born was Eve.

Then Adam woke, and there beheld with dazed sensation,

His loving, longing, fervent, erst imagination;

The being comely, modest, pure, and fresh, Into his arms entwines as in a mesh.

"Thou mother of all future generations,

Bone art thou of my bone," he cries, "flesh

of my flesh!"

9

Thus runs the parable the rabbins have related,

How in the world's beginning woman was created.

And God blessed marriage, and this law He gives:

That man his father and his mother leaves; And when two hearts in love are truly mated, They One become, as each unto the other cleaves.

PARADISE LOST AND REGAINED.

M OST tender of stories the East has retained,

How Eden was lost once and fully regained. Inscribed in their lore-books, they always in dite it

The song of "Sweet Home!" and they often recite it.

For primal transgression were banished precise, The first of our parents from out paradise. An angel came quickly, expelling the mortals, His sword, with its flaming sweeps, guarding the portals.

Forlorn and bewildered, and all in despair, Stood, weeping and moaning, the desolate pair. Now Adam exclaimed loud: "From Eden drove hither,

Where shall we find comfort? go whither—oh! whither?"

And Eve on his bosom did pitiful cry:

"Alas! disobedient and sinful was I."

As thus they lamented, the angel felt sorry

To see them thus troubled, to hear them thus

worry;

And slowing the swing of his glittering blade, In mildest of accents he unto them said: "Bewail your apparent misfortune no longer; Submission and patience make all of us stronger.

"Resign ye the loss—by God it was planned. Now make you an Eden yourself! Understand, No matter how poor and no matter how wealthy;

No matter how suffering, ill, or how healthy;

"No matter the distance, condition, or time, And spite of all hardships of seasons or clime; No matter what Providence fates for to-morrow,

Come tears or come smiles, come joy or come sorrow;

"Wherever you wander and whither you roam, Your Eden you'll find where you build up your home—

A home filled with quiet, with peace, and contentment,

Without the arch-tempter, the serpent Resentment;

"A home which is filled with the purest of love, With best gift of Eden—the trust in Above." So spoke the kind cherub! They listened astonished;

In heart and in soul they felt strong, thus admonished.

Thus regained for man is, by angel's advice, The Home! May God bless it—the lost Paradise!

From th' East to the West, by all nations descanted,

The song of "Sweet Home" will forever be chanted.

THE FIRST-BLOWN ROSE.

I.

I T is not every one who knows

How erst bloomed forth the first blown

Rose,

As sung in grove and told in tent,

A legend of the Orient;

Still cherished as in by-gone times.

Thus run the rhythm and the rhymes:

Where the desert meets the mountain rising from the burning sands,

Far away from palm and lotus, crippled, dwarfed, a thorn-bush stands.

Never had a flower opened from beneath its twigs or leaves;

Covered with the dust of ages, droopingly it sways and grieves.

From afar and from anear

It must, humbled, mutely hear

Taunt and spite, and sore reproaches of luxuriant oasis;

From the haughty Leb'non cedars to the tiniest valley daisies.

II.

'Tis even-tide. The Occident glows.

Now big dew-tears the foliage throws
On parchèd roots which claw the rocks,
When far away the bleat of flocks
Wakes faint the echoes from the height,
From whence a man appears in sight.

Tenderly the shepherd carries on his breast a little lamb

Which had strayed and would have perished, separated from its dam,

Had not lovingly its guardian, Moses, safely borne it hence.

Then it was resolved in Heaven, by decree of Providence:

Who such tender mercy shows

To dumb creatures' need and woes,

Sure is fit for greater labor; his shall be the high commission,

That he lead, from Egypt's bondage, Isr'el free to noblest mission.

III.

As down the steep declivity
The Hebrew prophet comes, lo! see,

At Horeb's base, the strangest fire!
It burns and burns, nor does expire;
Nor does consume a single rush;
Nor smoke exhales the flaming brush!
Exodus, the whole third chapter, this event in
Holy Writ,

Full of highest inspiration, hath recorded, grandly fit:

Miracles wrought here at nightfall, stay of some of Nature's laws,

These sublime events foreshadowed Freedom's origin and cause.

First-blown Rose, traditions say, Graced the bush at dawn of day;

And its glorious seed grew ever, envy of all vegetation.

Desert-born, it blooms, an emblem: Heaven's true love for God's own nation.



SOLOMON'S JUDGMENT.

THE holy tabernacle, the people's outer court,

Is thronged, for all Jerus'lem is wild with strange report.

Yet soon the stirred commotion subsides and all bend low—

King Solomon is coming in royal pomp and show.

The silver horns' alarum proclaim in clarion tone:

His majesty for judgment ascends his father's throne.

No precedent had ever the case he is to hear; Before the high tribunal two women do appear.

One brings in court an infant—a lovely, living child,

Sublimely personating all that is pure and mild.

- The other, too, she carries a boy, but he is dead—
- Like envy and disappointment is drooping low her head.
- "My Lord, oh! give me judgment," she with the corpse exclaims;
- "This wicked woman weeping, her sex and nation shames.
- One dwelling since Passover we occupied alone,
- And both became there mothers ere yet a month was gone.
- "Imagine, then, my terror, at break of day this morn,
- Awaking from my slumbers I'd nurse the newly-born;
- I find this choked, dead bastard right lying on my arm—
- Exchanged she had the infants: her own did meet with harm!"
- Thus hoarse, yet loud, she clamors, in attitude to wrest
- The suckling who is closely hugged to the other's breast.

- But the accused sobs broken: "O king! do hear me plead!
- This is my own, believe me—my flesh and blood indeed."
- "The little one—behold him! How sweetly—see, he smiled!
- Oh! surely thou wilt never bereave me of my child?"
- "Thy child! No, mine!" alternate vociferous they repeat.
- But now the king bids, "Silence!" while rising from his seat.
- A bodyguard he summons: "Both children take, and hew
- Them firmly with thy broadsword, for Justice sake, in two;
- And give to each her portion—the living one slay first."
- "So mote it be!" cries boldly the one who spoke out erst.
- According to the mandate, the soldier, though he shakes,
- His weapon raised already, the weeping infant takes.

- "Have mercy!" cries the other; "give her the live child—stay!"
- "No," quoth the first, "divide them; let Justice have her sway."
- "Hold, hold!" commands the sovereign. He gladly was obeyed;
- And from the throne descending, to her who kneels he said,
- While in his arms, moved deeply, the babe to her he bore:
- "Thou truly art his mother! I doubt thy claim no more.
- "Here, take thy son!" The people shout till the air did ring:
- "Hail! God hath given wisdom to Solomon, our king!
- Thrice hail! He hath established the law divine Above:
- It shall be known for ever a mother's heart and love!"



KING AND PROPHET.

"Come now and let us reason together, saith the Lord: Though your sins be as scarlet, they shall become as white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool."—ISAIAH i. 18.

ı.

YON in his blood lies welt'ring a noble warrior slain,

Betrayed by royal sycophants, a hero in their craven train;

Unto his wife the sovereign adulterous love has nursed,

Therefore Uriah needs must die, but David lives disgraced and cursed.

II.

The misled woman sobs, all fears, Uncomforted, in floods of tears: "I loved him, heart and soul, alone; My grief will not my guilt atone."

Since David in her arms reposed
Sleep never has his eyelids closed;
A bloody shadow of affright,
A spectre haunts him day and night.

TIT.

Crowned and sceptred sate
In the temple's gate
David as judge—in Hebrew, "Shofet."
He and the people behold,
In dignity of old,
Nathan, the aged seer and prophet.

Cries: "Whom wrongs aggrieve
Justice must receive,
King!—for this are kings appointed.
List, then, to my case,
Heartless, vile, and base,
And redress it, Lord's anointed!

IV.

"Sire, there lives within thy realms
One whom fortune ever favored,
But, though wealth him overwhelms,
Greedy, he has never wavered
To envy his poor neighbor's share—
An only lamb, his love and care.

"Guests came to the miser; hence,
Spite remonstrance, spite of tear,
He forthwith, on some pretence,
All that to the poor is dear
Kills; the cherished pet it died.
Sire, thy judgment I abide."

Wild with indignation cries
David, rising: "Here I swear
The villain who hath done this dies;
Let his goods the pauper share!"
"King! thou art that man!" the seer
Answers. "Be accursed for e'er!"

v.

Ah! Death spares not youth and never minds age;

A beggar he smote on the street, and since He gathered a fool and garnered a sage, And from David's palace he snatched him a prince.

The stricken parents stand by the corse,

Lamenting and weeping in anguish and fear;
Royalty harrowed with deepest remorse,

His eyes overflowing with tear upon tear.

But all at once a sudden impulse

Comes o'er the father; he kneels by his

dead.

The heart which revolted, his feverish pulse, Grow quiet, and upward his gaze is led.

Resigned, he folds his hands and prays:

"Heavenly Father, deign list to my word:

Sinner I am, and just are Thy ways,

Yet deal with me merciful, Lord, O my

Lord!"

The prophet, behold! he stands by his side
And bids him arise, for God commands.
Curses are powerless when we confide
In Providence; trustful raise hearts and
hands.

Exalted the king and consoled he became,

Exclaiming these words immortally graced;

"The Lord hath given and taken; the name

Of the Lord forever and ever be praised!"



JOCHANNAN BEN SAKKAI.

A HISTORICAL SKETCH.

I.

THAT was the strangest fun'ral which ever was beholden

Among the Hebrew people of modern times or olden.

No crowd of mourners follow, nor music's muffled strain.

Two students lift the coffin, one Rabbi heads the train.

From the city of disaster They'll carry out the master.

Ben Sakkai—woe! the priest is dead! The sad report goes quickly out,

'Midst siege beyond, turmoil within, and gen'ral broil and crazy bout.

Young Joshua and El'asar bear the pall with all that's mortal;

Batiach old, the comrade true, leads to the fortress portal.

II.

Up to the gate portcullised the burden slow is carried;

But there the sent'nel halts them, who rather not had tarried.

"My orders are that nothing must pass beyond the wall,

Except I be permitted to first inspect it all."

The leader, disappointed,

Exclaims: "The Lord's anointed,

When dead, who dares defile by touch, he is accursed! Come, let us go."

"Move on! move quick!" rejoins the guard; "my nose tells all I need to know."

Slow they proceed till soon is reached the gate; then, like forsaken,

They hurry to the Roman camp, where they are captives taken.

III.

Vespasian here, the gen'ral, for months has grimly striven

To crush the hated Hebrews, to fierce sedition given, With battering-rams and siege-trains bombarding day and night

Strong-fortified Jerus'lem, who resolute makes fight.

But inside, mad contention, Fanatical dissension:

The sects and clans rage blind and tear the suffering people all apiece.

The Chasidim* and the Sadducee, the Nazarene and Pharisee—

Each one strives for the mastery, to bring the others under;

While outside steadily the foes against the city thunder.

IV.

In vain appeal the starving for bread or for surrender;

Despair and hunger vainly implore in tones most tender;

And parents their own children in frenzy slay and eat,

And babes suck on dead mothers, their nourishment to meet.

^{*} Hebrew name of the Essenes; literally the Pious.

Forsooth! as in all ages, Prophetical the sages

Proclaim such folly's certain end, and cry aloud: "For God's sake stay

This fratricidal, murd'rous feud, nor let your passions reign or sway;

Appease at once the conqueror, outside, while yet in season."

But who has ever known wild mobs like these to value reason?

v.

When baffled in all efforts to have his warning heeded,

To squelch rebellion and restore the union sadly needed;

When foiled in every measure to stay the wrath to come

By flattering the enemy, their mighty foe of Rome,

At last the high-priest wily

A way devises slyly

By which he'll save himself and people, although he sees the horror all,

Sees Isr'el's nationality, her glory, and her Temple fall.

'Tis patent in her hare-brained strifes, 'tis by her seers written:

"So shall their mission be fulfilled! so be her folly smitten!"

VI.

Approved in sacred council, his death is soon reported;

He's laid into a coffin and out of town escorted.

And so that the deception in detail be complete,

He suffers that beside him is placed some putrid meat.

Most killed by suffocation,

Yet soon his restoration

In their besieger's camp is slow but fully by kind hands attained,

While officers and soldiers laugh, nor silent would be or restrained.

Forthwith the resurrected corpse into the gen'ral's presence

Is led to make his errand known, its meaning and its essence.

VII.

"Know, chieftain! paper arrows were shot thee from our city

My prophecy conveying — remember it, I prithee!

Our God hath pleased to forestall through me that thou shalt reign

The world as Latin emperor; now let me not in vain

Beseech thee for this favor."

Thus plead, all in a quaver,

The tottering, white-haired, aged priest: "Give us permission now to go

Unto the town of Jabne, where we'll hide away from shame and woe

Thou bringest on our people sure. Have mercy, Cæsar—ora!

Let me establish there a school to teach our holy Torah."

VIII.

The Roman mused a minute ere, deeply moved, addressing

The captives; he salutes them: "Give, Rabbins, me your blessing;

Your modest wish is granted; now go ye hence in peace,

And that your work may prosper, my prayer shall never cease."

Soon after they departed:

The Talmud-school was started,

It rose and flourished grandly, too, as hist'ry does explicit tell,

A bulwark to their people, who had seen how shrine and city fell.

The first of the "Ta-na-im" * here have taught what was most needed,

A codex for all Isr'el, which has never been exceeded.

IX.

Empires have risen and fallen; cities were built and destroyed;

Nations have flourished and withered; war and peace were employed,

Generation after generation, to shape and form incessant

The status of society, the future, past, and present.

^{*} The experts and transmitters of the oral law at the time of the second destruction of the \(\text{Femple} \) are called the "Tanaim."

But nothing more conclusive In all proved so conducive

For e'er to lead the human race unto its final, noble goal,

To prop up tolerance and truth and elevate the human soul,

Than law, philosophy, and rules, as taught here and expounded,

The heirlooms from the "Jabne" school by this Ben Sakkai founded.

THE BEST AND THE WORST.

"SEARCH the bazaar," said the sheik to the slave,

"And get me the Best which the markets provide."

The slave salamed lowly, the slave answered grave:

"Thy will shall be done; in my judgment abide,"

And soon, on returning, said: "Rightly or wrong,

I bring here the Best of the market—a tongue."

- "Search the bazaar," said the sheik to the slave,
 - "And get me the Worst which the markets provide."
- The slave salamed lowly, the slave answered grave:
 - "Thy will shall be done; in my judgment abide,"
- And soon, on returning, said: "Rightly or wrong,
- I bring here the Worst of the market—a tongue!"
- "Explain what thou meanest!" cried the sheik to the slave.
 - "I'll give thee thy freedom if well thou decide."
- The slave salamed lowly, the slave answered grave:
 - "Thy will must be done; my judgment abide.
- Now listen and say if I'm right or if wrong:
- The Best and the Worst in the world is the tongue.

"The tongue to a freedman quick changes a slave;

The tongue enslaves quickly the free, though he died;

The tongue rules the world, from cradle to grave;

The tongue sways the khedive and beggar beside."

"Thy tongue made thee free! Thou argued it strong,"

Laughed the sheik. "The Best and the Worst is the tongue!"



DOG, HORSE, AND HOG.

AN EASTERN FABLE.

OOD neighbors and friends were a horse and a dog.

Not far from them wallowed a fattening hog. The first two were regularly fed thrice a day, While the sow is allowed to munch all that she may.

Said the cur to the horse: "It seems not to me fair

That the swine should eat more than belongs to its share."

The stallion replied: "Wait a little, my friend; Thou'lt see we fare best by our stint in the end."

The piggy, well fattened, soon proved this no lie,

Was brought to the shambles, and then had to die.

When, seeing the carcass hung up, then the dog

Did never more envy the luck of a hog.

REDEEMED.

ARABIAN TALE.

A YOUTH there lived whom Fortune, oft called blind,
Gave all her precious gifts of form and mind,
With such a noble heart as only can
Make Heaven's fair image of a mortal man.
And everybody eagerly pretends
To love him—all profess to be his friends.
Alas! this changed. Into temptation's power
He fell, and sinned in an unguarded hour.
If keenest agony atones, then sure
Heaven hath received his contrite heart as
pure.

But then our hypocritic, callous world Its verdict, "Guilty," quick upon him hurled. Each finger points at the condemned; all eyes Frown on him, humiliating, worldly wise. For consolation to his mates he flees; They knew him only in his luck and glees. One recognized him—ah! with such a face As showed the great and condescending grace;

O'erwhelms him—fie upon it!—with the price Of'shamming friendship, so-called good advice. Next his affianced love bade him to go, Inflicting on his heart most crushing blow. Faint, writhing and convulsed, damned and decried,

To his parental roof he homeward hied.
Report, the ever-busy, meddling dame,
Who circulates and magnifies our shame—
She went before him. On the threshold stands

His agèd father, stern, with trembling hands; He bids him, "Hence! I've lost my son," be told:

"As his did mourn the Patriarch of old,
As Jacob wailed his loved Joseph's doom,
Uncomforted I'll go into my tomb."
The youth drops staggering; but in fond
embrace

Is caught, and kisses deck his death-pale face.

With tears they're mingled, and the cry sobbed wild:

"Oh! can a mother e'er forsake her child?" Both kneel. The father, too, no longer stands Unmoved; he lifts and wide extends his hands, And blesses them in pious, good old ways. "My lost is found again!" he mildly says. Thus was one, else from sin to crime depraved A suicide, or worse, redeemed and saved By that great power, equalled but Above—A mother's tender and undying love.

AQUA VITÆ;

OR, THE FIRST DELIRIUM TREMENS.

K NOW ye the antique record how erst into this world

The direct of all curses, King Alcohol, was hurled?

And how the Fates avenged it in body, heart, and soul

On him who first concocted th' intoxicating bowl?

The night was dark and chilly, the storm made heaven weep,

While all but crime and suffering were wrapt in dreamful sleep;

Then in his laboratory—yon subterranean space—

An Alchemist wrought misery e'er since upon our race.

Around, rich candelabra pale rays, blue tinted, shed;

The hoary, pensive student has leaned his withered head

Against a solid column of cross-bones, skulls, and books,

While on a burnished hour-glass he has bent his anxious looks.

All treasures life doth offer he sacrificed as naught;

His golden locks untimely are bleached by ceaseless thought.

For day and night he's prying into forbidden lore;

He fain would solve the mystery, that death should be no more.

And hark! the dome serenely aloud proclaims the time.

Twelve peals the echo vibrates like some weird, ghostly chime;

With its last sound the student is hastening to and fro,

A beverage to distil and boil above the embers' glow.

'Tis the decisive moment—the midnight hour.
On high

He lifts a brimful goblet, and spills some drops thereby;

The flames are whirling, whizzing, while cabalistic words

He mutters, and strange signs describes, and hell and heaven girds.

The fire transforms its colors, a halo of sweet light

In which are bands of angels enveloped fair and bright;

And strains of solemn music, breathed like Æolian strings.

A monitor of good, these words the choir sublimely sings:

"Touch not, lift not the poisonous cup!
Taste not, drink not a single drop!
Man's life is dark,
Yet breaks a spark

Into his future, decked by night;
Faith with strong wing,
And Hope the eternal beacon-light,
From death its sting, from death its sting
Long since did sever!
This is true blessing; oh, beware!
Whoever durst
Attempt to 'scape his mortal share,
He shall be cursed! forever cursed!"

Then dies away the music and pales again the fire,

But in his breast burns fiercer the student's wild desire:

He fills anew the goblet with bold, defying mien, The flames stirred up take human form, dark as the night has been.

Satire and wile and cunning are twinkling in his eyes;

Thus must have looked the tempter when in the snake's disguise.

The student even trembles and utters loud a shriek,

But "Silence!" bids the spirit; he thus is heard to speak:

"Man! know thy father's name is lust,
Thy mother's baptized weakness;
They glare to Heaven, but the dust
They'll share in perfect meekness;
And their begotten offspring's fear,
On Hope's sweet bosom nourished,
Led to Religion's taming bier,
A germ dead ere it flourished.
'Tis thee! 'tis thee! like them thou diest,
If thou not, brave and bold, defiest
Those hands which chain thee to death's brink,
Then drink! drink deep! drink ever! drink!"

And with satanic laughter the phantom disappears.

The Alchemist is startled; his blood and brains and tears

Seem melted as by fire; he loud and wildly laughed,

The goblet then defiantly he emptied in one draught.

Without, the storm is raging; each angry thunderbolt

Hurls flash on flash of lightning—a nocturnal black revolt;

Then sad through night and weather sound like a dying moan

These words into the student's ear again, in plaintive tone:

"Whoever durst
Attempt to 'scape his mortal share,
He shall be cursed! forever cursed!"

The draught thus won at midnight, consumed, its power reveals,

And, like a newly-born one, revived the old man feels;

At last, then, his ambition, the ideal of his strife,

He gloriously now has attained—th' Elixir of human life!

Thenceforth he has continued to mix, boil, and produce

The Alcohol; to his pupils he taught its make and use;

And with the new discovery all o'er our globe they went—

To castles, churches, down into the hungry beggar's tent.

- So time passed on. Yet never from the decree of fate
- Can one escape; for certain it cometh soon or late;
- And thus, too, found the student his final, dreadful goal.
- 'Tis midnight. Hark! what screams and yells through storm and thunder roll!
- It wakes from sleep the people, it rouses old and young;
- Unto the laboratory bewildered masses throng.
- And they behold with terror what man ne'er saw before—
- The first "Delirium Tremens" there, on its most hideous score.
- The ground, a raging maniac, his limbs in terror smite:
- Lo! from his lips and nostrils break flames of purple light:
- He 'gainst the block of granite his skull convulsive throws,
- Until his blood, from gashing wounds, with brains mixed, fatal flows.

- Thus died he, and was buried—none knows his grave or name,
- But still the curse eternal has been his awful fame.
- Where'er his poisonous beverage, the Alcohol, was sent,
- It sounds, from church and castle down to the hungry beggar's tent.
- Widows, orphans, nations—all curse the hideous deed,
- As mothers do and fathers whose hearts were made to bleed;
- And children will, while hungry, and crying loud for bread;
- The noble, good, and pure—all curse the memory of the dead.
- Well known is yet, however, the laboratory, where
- The dram was first discovered; 'tis still sold freely there.
- The subterranean workshop has now been modernized—
- Yon bar-room 'tis, across the street, so much by drunkards prized.

They are the student's pupils, who nightly congregate,

That they in drunken revels his doom perpetuate:

For when they stagger homeward, sans sense, and none be near,

Then it is said the maniac's ghost doth nightly there appear.

Through all the evolutions of the delirium he

Must pass, a horrid spectre, till daylight sets him free;

And God in Heaven only will pardon his offence

When the last inebriate takes the vow of total abstinence.

This is the antique record, how first into the world

The direct of all curses, King Alcohol, was hurled:

And thus the Fates avenged it in body, heart, and soul

On him who first concocted th' intoxicating bowl,

TORTURE.

MONOLOGUE FROM DRAMA "GENIUS."

THE Buddha tells a tale which runs this wise:

Cruel demons will mischievously at times Select a human being for their pranks. They grant him all the gifts of which are

woven

The precious jewel, mortal happiness:
They grant him cruelly all but one; that one
Which forms the culmination-point and centre
Of every other—the power to secure.

His prize flits by him, never near enough, In spite of all his efforts, to be grasped.

They starve the hungry victim 'midst of plenty; They parch the thirsty lips in sight of fountains:

They freeze the heart in midst of vernal sunshine;

They scorch the fevered brains in iciest winter, Until the gods in mercy interpose And grant him the possession of the price Of all his direful, undeserved suff'ring, Or move him from such power to higher spheres.

THE ACCEPTED PLEDGE.

THE B'douin's keen-edged cimeter is
As cruel as lion and tiger are.
He'll slay the men, enslave the women,
But never has in peace or war
His blade defiled
By blood of child,
For surely cursed were he and his,
Dared he to brave the mythic lore
Which every Arab knows and fears
When Allah he heeds and dreads no more.

Thus runs pathetical the story:

When his ancestral kindred saw
Themselves released from Egypt's bondage,
Came unto Sinai for the law;

Heard was a cry
Of voice on High:

"What hostage will these people give My revelation and commands That they will cherish and obey, If I shall place them in their hands?"

Then in the council of the nation,

The prophet great, the elders wise,

They offered memories hallowed,

Progenitors in Paradise.

Historic claims,

The sainted names

Of Abram, Isaac, Israel;

But not sufficient were these deemed.

Birthright does not avail in Heaven:

Each one must be himself redeemed.

In second council of the people They all unanimous agree

To turn bond one unto another,

Themselves be their own guarantee.

This sacrifice

Would not suffice.

For they were told in language plain,

"You are unworthy and untried—

Men who proved stiff-necked and uncouth,

Already have the laws defied."

A third time then they met together,

"What can we offer loved and dear

Which unreserved will be accepted

Without a doubt, without a fear?

What is the best,

All pure and blest,

Such as we cherish more than life,

By which our hearts and souls are swept?

Our children let us offer; sure

These Justice certain will accept."

And so it proved! The bond thus given
Abundant was, as well it might.
The young and future generations,
On Sinai pledged for law and right,
In every clime,
Unchanged by time,
Were sacred held by friend and foe.
None with impunity may wrong
The children; by this solemn act,
Unto High Heaven they all belong.

WINE.

A TALMUDICAL PARABLE.

WHEN God the grape created, every vine

He with a triple tincture fructified— With blood of lion, ape, and that of swine,

Which in the ripened juice three properties supplied:

Drink once of wine, and you'll feel strong and bold,

Combative, brave, without discrimination; You fancy strength increased a thousand-fold, A sovereign king of all the animal creation.

Now drink again, and you are jolly, glad; You sing—it sounds like braying of a donkey.

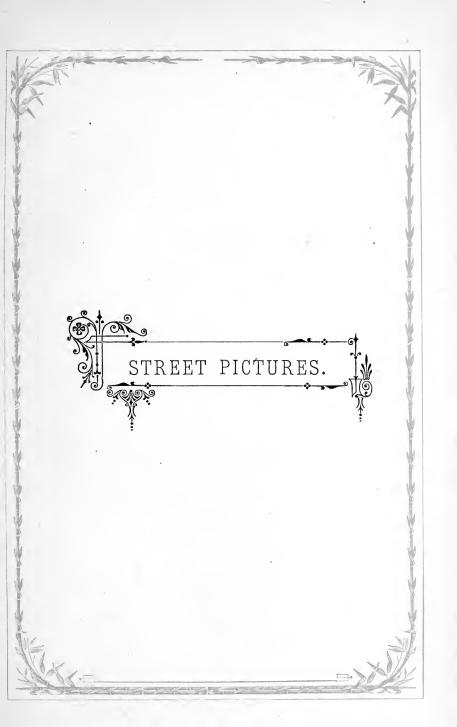
You jump and laugh and caper; maudlin gad, Behaving like unto a veritable monkey.

Now drink once more-you'll lose all self-control.

You can no longer rant, but mumble, mutter.

Unable on your feet to keep, you roll

And wallow like a hog, low grunting in the gutter.





Styeet Pigtinges.

I.

BEHOLD! there staggers through the busy streets

A drunken, low, degraded one,
And every truant urchin whom he meets,
In childish sport to be molested by,

Seems sent to cry:

Accursed of God, reel on!

This wretch who now is trundling to his home,

Alas! has lovely wife and child.

The woman, anxious, waits for him to come.

Though he maltreats, disgraces her, she yet,

With face still wet,

Waits for this man defiled!

8

Who is this drunkard? Of the many, one, With choicest gift upon his brow—

Youth, health, and mind; and these by drink undone.

A stain and shame to high respected ties,

The sot thus lies

Low in the gutter now.

There, look at him! If struck by foul disease, Ay, even the dread pestilence,

It could not have destroyed him with more ease

Than does the damned poison in his veins,
Which steals his brains—
The dram's dire consequence.

He loved her once—the woman now his wife.

Had any other man dared make
A ruffling shadow pass upon her life,
How he would wild with indignation start!

And now her heart
Too true, himself does break.

He loved that babe! When born to him, at first
With pleasure wild he wept and smiled;
Then took the boy into his arms and burst

Into a passionate, heaven-invoking prayer;
And now his heir
He brands "the drunkard's child!"

Once his ambition soared for highest fame,

The pride of all his friends awhile;

He long ago in rum drowned hope and name.

Delirious most, of reason near bereft,

All for him left

Is but a lunatic's exile.

How came this doom to pass? take heed; come, come,

Young friends, be warned, imbibing host!
In an unguarded moment he met some
Hilarious company—drank once—he fell
And, clutched by hell,
Forever he was lost.

Hence, hence! I'll lead him home! Our picture will

O'er all the world encountered be; Till church and school unite 'gainst bar and still. True civilization trembles all afear,

And drops a tear On man's depravity!

II.

Right through the middle of the street, In rain or sunshine, storm or sleet— Most with bundles, with coffers some— That's the way our "greenhorns" come.

The women are buxom, and strong the men—German or Irish, no matter; when
They touch the ground of this free land,
Re-born are all in heart and hand.

Settling soon 'midst friends near and dear—
There are no strangers among us here.
Though some become servants and "help"
for a time,
None are made slaves but committers of crime.

Open to all is the area of wealth—
Open to all the sources of health.
Thus many z poor one few years ago came,
Who now has attained high position and fame.

'Tis so with the emigrant women of now;
"Lis'le" becomes a fat Dutchman's frau;
Biddy is married unto her old beau—
And that is the way our "greenhorns" go!

III.

Please give me a penny! I'm hungry and cold!

My mother at home is sick and old. Please give me a penny! My father has Been in prison for weeks, alas!

He had no work, and we had no bread;
And he wished himself and all of us dead.
And then he drank liquor—it set him wild;

And he struck poor mother and me, his child.

When first I visited him in the cell

He hugged me so close and with such a
yell!

And he cried and sobbed, and sobbed and cried,

'Midst kiss and caresses I had to chide.

So give me a penny, if you think meet,
Wherewith to buy bread for mother to eat.
Say you, sir, all this money is mine?
Thank God and bless you!—it pays father's
fine.

STREET PICTURES.

I need not beg to-night any more! We shall be happy as we were before. And all in return I can offer to give, You I'll remember as long as I live.

70

IV.

Through all the town, 'midst clatter and din, Cries loud a voice: "Ho! who will buy sin?"

Buy sin in most hideous, repulsive guile—Woman abandoned, degraded, and vile;

And, as she wanders to and fro, Proclaiming: "Society made me so!"

Society, boasting of virtue sublime, Yet pressing us creatures into crime;

Building churches, all velvet-pewed,
Yet making her daughters debased and
lewd;

Sending the children to Sunday-school, Then throws them into a fiery pool;

Society-dancing for charity's sake, While lives are perishing, souls are at stake;

Robbing the masses wholesale, and then Gives them a penny to starve in a den;

Boasting enlightenment, science, and art, While hunger and ignorance never depart;

With all the progress but for the rich; For the rest aye misery, prison, and ditch;

Society, meaning the moneyed folks, While secret she fun at poverty pokes;

Marshaling 'gainst virtue the glitter of wealth;

Cursing the wanton she maketh by stealth.

Will ye who are guiltless now cast the first stone

On outcasts, who, Heaven grant, may yet atone?

STREET PICTURES.

72

While all through the town, 'midst clatter and din,

Cries loud a voice: "Ho! who will buy sin?"

Buy sin in most hideous, repulsive guile—Woman abandoned, degraded, and vile;

And, as she wanders to and fro, Proclaiming: "Society made me so!"

V.

On the first floor in the parlor
A lass, all youth and glee,
Sits, by her beaux surrounded—
Young Southern chivalry.

Under her window the organ
A one-armed soldier grinds;
The scar across his forehead
Of battle hot, reminds.

Those up in the parlor are laughing;
They bask in comfort and ease,
While, shivering, the invalid freezes—
A Union-defender in peace.

The girl leans out of the window
And throws him a coin from her hand:
"Take this; and now, old beggar,
Come play us 'Dixie Land!'"

But through the open window

He hurls the money back;

Then tighter the crank he clutches,

While slowly making track.

And fast and fierce he's grinding

The tunes of the boys in blue—
All-conquering "Yankee Doodle,"

And "Hail Columbia" too!

A man across the corner

Has watched the curious scene;

He knew the maimed, brave fellow—

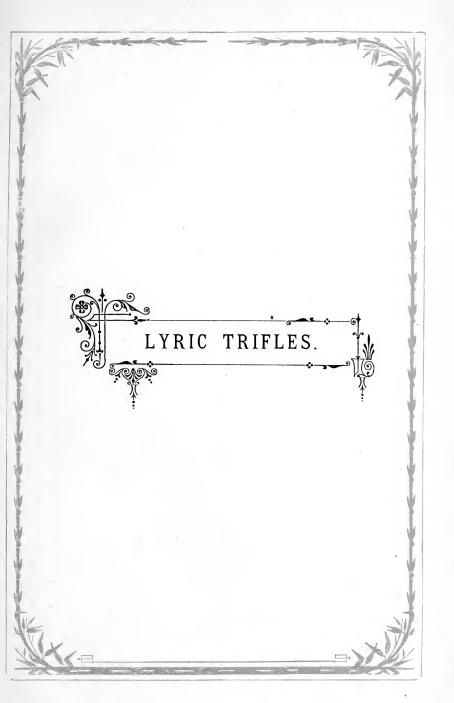
Had his commander been.

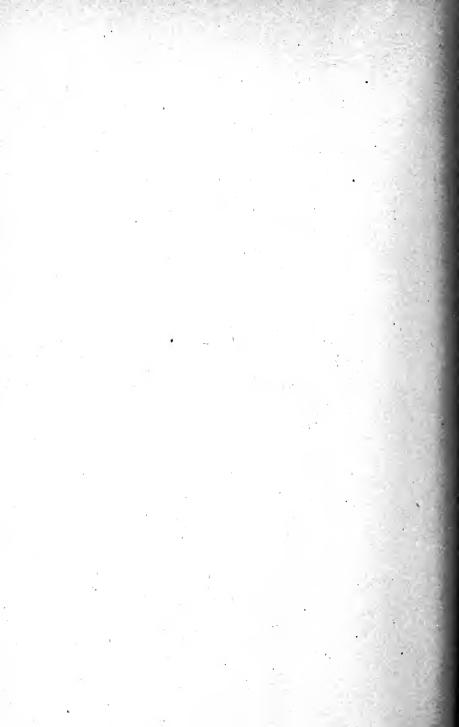
"Well done, my noble comrade!"
And brightly shone his eyes;

"Thou shalt find home and comfort!"
He with emotion cries.

"Here, take my hand as token:
Long may the Union wave!"
His word has broken never—
His general true and brave!







Lyric Trifles.

SONNET.

Parameter Issonance and Harmony combined
Form that sweet music which unlocks
our soul

And makes the ear feast under its control. Thus is the heart, too, touched, if we can find The poet's song, conveying to our mind Word music. Alternately should roll The tears of woe and anguish copious flowing,

Dissolved by sparkling wit and joy all glowing.

My songs were culled in such varieties
Of wine and love, intrigue and merry glees.
Alas! I hear the living and the dying
Cry loud for help and see all the degrees
Of misery in all its stages. Denying
Me all—but dissonance and grating melodies.

IN MEMORIAM.

ADOLPH CRÉMIEUX, LIFE SENATOR OF FRANCE.

ISGADAL w'yiskadash!*

The Hebrew's mourning prayer—
Resounds in temple and synagogue;
For Time, the cruel slayer,
Laid fatal hand upon a chief.
All Isr'el is in tears and grief.
As Rachel mourns her lost—a mother—
We Crémieux mourn—our brother.

Yisgadal w'yiskadash!
Religion feels extending,
Wherever people worship God,
The woful loss, heartrending.
Alike for Gentile and for Jew
A great man left us—good and true.
Religion, like bereft a mother,
She Crémieux mourns—our brother.

Yisgadal w'yiskadash!
Law, Justice loud are wailing.
Oppressed of every land and clime.
May well feel faint and failing.

^{* &}quot;Be exalted and sanctified." The beginning words of the Hebrew prayer for the dead, called "Kadish."

For Freedom lost one of her stays When death cut short his mortal days. Truth sorrows like a stricken mother Crémieux is dead—our brother.

Yisgadal w'yiskadash!
Humanity in anguish
"Reste in pace!" trembling weeps,
Nor soon her woe will languish.
For God hath stilled a human heart
In which the whole world had a part.
Humanity, our common mother,
Weeps Crémieux!—weeps our brother!

JUDGE NOT, CONDEMN NOT.

JUDGE not, condemn not! Men who are accused.

Often are guiltless and cruelly abused.

Error is quick, restitution comes slow;

Be not foremost the first stone to throw.

Time enough, time enough guilt to deplore!

Judge not—wait till the trial is o'er!

Often appearances tend to betray,
Often passions our judgment sway,
Often is innocence foully assailed—
Truth is naked, while falsehood is mailed;
Honor once taken you cannot restore.
Judge not—wait till the trial is o'er!

Ere the fair fame of a brother you doom, Ponder as if you stood over his tomb; Dip it in kindness, steep it in love; Handle it tenderly—think of Above! Judge not, condemn not! 'twas bidden of yore.

Judge not-wait till the trial is o'er.

THINK OF IT.

THINK of it! our joy and sorrow
Of the present, of the morrow,
Love and hate, and hope and fear,
Friends afar or e'er so near,
All must die to live!—'tis writ.
Think of it, Oh! think of it.

THINK OF IT.

Think of it! then let no trouble E'er attempt its share to double. Think of it, and let no joy Time of more importance cloy. All must die to live!—'tis writ. Think of it, Oh! think of it.

Think of it! for all affection Cannot stay its deep deflection; Nor may hatred at the best Time in his due course arrest. All must die to live!—'tis writ. Think of it, Oh! think of it.

Think of it! when fearing, hoping—We're not e'er in darkness groping.
Those afar or e'er so near—
Think of it and never fear:
All must die to live!—'tis writ.
Think of it, Oh! think of it.



IN MEMORIAM.

WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

WEEP, nation of America—mourn, all the world!

A man whose fame around humanity is furled,

A great, good man, is dead! His life had been anointed,

A bard and seer, by the hand of God appointed;

His words and thoughts and deeds harmonious pearled

As one great poem, most sublimely wrought and jointed,

A never-dying song contained in this synopsis—

The ever-living, the immortal "Thanatopsis!"

Thy native country, thy beloved fatherland, For one like unto thee who all revered, departs, Has but one Pantheon! It must be beautifully grand

To be enshrined forever in loving, human hearts.

Among the best and noblest thou hast been a giant!

"Requiescat in pace!" This tear for WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

NECRODULIE.

AN ACROSTIC.

HENRY WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW.

LY USH! the heart is stilled that rang E ver warm for truth and right;
N ow the voice is dead that sang
R oyally for life and light—
Y ea, for all that's grand and bright!

Weep! our foremost bard is gone!
All reluctantly and prone
Dead to realize him ever;
Song and light and truth; who never
Wove but what was most sublime.
Ode of grief! a mournful chime,
Ringing o'er the country, tolling;
Tear-inviting, unconsoling—
Hiawatha's author gone!

Lo! from out his pall and tomb—
Oh! these very words are gloom—
Ne'ertheless breaks forth a vision,
Glorious true, a poet's mission.
For all ages, ever vernal,
Ever youthful and in bloom;
Life's memorial, God's commission:
Light and Truth and Song eternal
Orb and crown his life and name
With immortal, God-like fame!

THE DEAD RABBI.

IN MEMORY OF THE LATE LAMENTED REV. DR. MAX LILIENTHAL, OF CINCINNATI,

THE grave is filled and the crowds are gone;

The solemn obsequies are past.

The Rabbi is dead, and buried, and sleeps,

Reposing forever and aye at last.

From early youth till his green old age

He cared not for quiet, he sought not for

le cared not for quiet, he sought not for rest.

His was the battle for knowledge and truth;
A man of the sturdiest, grandest, and
best—

A laborer and sage In our time and age.

His was the struggle for right and light,

To set the oppressed and bonded free;

To teach to his people, advancing the world:

"Nearer, my God, to Thee, nearer to

Thee."

As time shall roll on they'll erect him a shaft Of bronze or Carrarian marble white.

With golden letters it will hold inscribed His life and death so pure and bright.

But needed are scarcely the metal or stone— The task he achieved shall time defy;

For thought is immortal and mind has no end, And Love, Hope, and Charity never will die. Invisibly kept,

Are tears sadly wept;

The ache of the heart and the anguish of souls Exist for eternity, floating on,

Until humanity's mission is reached And earth and time their work have done. A life thus completed, a labor thus wrought,
A goal thus achieved which divinely was
born,

A day thus closed and an eve thus begun, Must have after nightfall again a morn.

There must be a waking from such a dream;
There will be a rising after such sleep.
Nothing in nature does really die:

The world shall not mourn forest

The world shall not mourn forever and weep.

Ah, sorrow no more! It was written of yore:

"The dust shall return unto mother earth,
But home the Lord our souls will call."
The name of the righteous shall ever be
blessed—

Then rest in peace, RABBI LILIENTHAL.



THE SONG OF THE JEWELER.

A BALLAD.

I'VE been commissioned to make this thing—
A wedding-ring, a wedding-ring;
And while I melt and mould this gold
My lay is short and quickly told.

The maid to wear this band so fine—
She loved me, promised to be mine.
It is the story old as time,
Rehearsed in prose and sung in rhyme:

Since he is rich and I am poor, She now forsakes me, perjured sure. Into this crucible I'd melt The pangs I feel, the pangs I felt.

It is the hardest work, I con, I'll ever do, I've ever done; The sadder all, that with this ring I'd pray, that happiness it bring.

No matter, though, how hard my fate, All scorn and hate, all scorn and hate, Within my heart they take their flight If she'll this circlet cherish right. God bless the ring, the sign sublime! My hammer and my anvil chime! And "Amen" shall my true love say To-morrow on her wedding-day.

ADIEU, ADIEU! I GAVE THEE UP.

A DIEU, adieu! I gave thee up
With bleeding heart and quivering soul,

And from a blasted hope this drop—
A tear, I'm not ashamed of—roll.
Yes! thou wast very dear to me;
I happy dreamed to be with thee.
Thy and my fate I but bewail
That thou should be so fair and frail,
And that I loved, one more loved never,
And now must give thee up forever.



TO THE MEMORY OF A DEPARTED FRIEND.

With all its great joy and great sorrow,

With all its ambition, loves, hopes, and strife
And the cares we borrow?

When barely begun we end our career

To leave love, hope, and ambition here.

Whoever was able unfathoming death,
Who comes 'midst tears and heart-aching;
Closing dear eyes and quenching loved breath,
No station forsaking?
The rich and the poor, the lowly, the great,
Are equally meeting the certain fate.

'Tis all a blank mystery, all wrapt in night!
With only this high consolation:

Humanity, goodness, love, honor, and right, Our immortal creation,

Like Heaven eternal, like God, know no end! Requiescat in pace! my noble, good friend.

THE TAKE TO SELECT TO SELE

NIL DESPERANDUM.

Ì.

THE poorest thing on earth to life doth cling;

And I—must I despair?

My heart is quivering, feverish, in each string
'Tis sore with grief and care.

To Heaven I stare,

Praying sans hope; the eye filled with a tear—Within the breast a sting—the soul all fear.

II.

When I was yet a child,
Roaming and wild,
I often dreamt many a dream so bright,
By day and night.
But youth has vanished, all dreams are gone,
Like bubbles that into thin air are blown.

All that life hath brought

To manhood wrought

Is but ceaseless, fruitless toil

And wild turmoil.

And this for enough of bread but to reap,

To feel the hunger that banishes sleep.

Would I were yet a child,
Roaming wild,
And dreaming that beautiful vision once more
That upward bore
The innocent boy to the spheres of light,
Never again to wake from that night!

III.

And still, the poorest thing to life doth cling; Nor will I yet despair.

The heart may quiver, feverish, in each string, Sore with grief and care.

To Heaven I stare!

And, praying, hope returns; it dries the tear; The sting has lost its pangs, the soul all fear.



I THINK OF THEE, I THINK OF THEE.

MIDNIGHT THOUGHTS.

THINK of Thee, I think of Thee!
While shivering midnight decks the world.

I think of Thee, I think of Thee,

Though in sleep's cloak the earth is furled.
Oh! slumber Thou, sweet dreams be thine,
While sad, alone, and 'wake I pine.

I think of Thee, I think of Thee!

Through storm and rain yon blinks one star.

I think of Thee, I think of Thee:

Like midnight thus my feelings are.

I think of thee: Thou like that spark
Shed'st light into my bosom dark.

I think of Thee, I think of Thee,

He who made darkness, storm, and rain.
I think of Thee, I think of Thee—

Brings morning, too, to soothe our pain.
May He protect us in His might!
I think of Thee. Good-night—good-night.

TO LOVE AND BE LOVED IN RETURN.

TO love and be loved in return!
O Heaven! what rapture is contained

In this one sentiment—the bourne
Of bliss and blessing. Unrestrained
By all that is of mortal birth,
It makes a paradise of earth.

To love and be loved! It implies
Intensest passion, pure and kind;
One that ennobles, sanctifies
The human heart and soul and mind.
Whom is assigned such destiny,
Though poor, is rich; though low, stands high.

To love and be loved! To your heart

Hold pressed the precious gift, and then
May fortune smile, or vile depart.

Above this all stand loving men.
Their faith and hope here and Above
It is to be loved and to love.

TO LOVE IN VAIN-WHAT AGONY!

HAT agony—to love in vain!—

Is not implied by these few words,
When yearning woe will not restrain
The harrowed breast in all its cords?
The feverish blood leaps through the veins,
As if to madden soul and brains.

True! we feel sad to part with friends,
Yet may we hope to meet again.
But no such consolation sends
Love unreturned—a love in vain.
It does imply the saddest doom,
A checkered life, an early tomb.

True, true! we mourn when, severed by death,

Goes home one who to us is dear;
But we believe with our last breath
Of an hereafter's higher sphere.
The heart, alas! here and Above
Despairs of when 'tis broke by love.

SONG.

FROM THE DRAMA "GENIUS."

One priceless pearl conceals:
Thus hides my heart a deep emotion,
The fervent love it feels.

On Heaven's vaulted blue, unmeasured,
One sun holds high control:
Thus is thine radiant picture treasured
Supremely in my soul.

'Tis said, of solar light depriven,
The gem would surely die:
So must my love and life be riven
Were closed to me thine eye.

Then as the sun, whenever shining,
Reflects him in the sea,
Deign thou unto my soul repining
One look of sympathy.

SONG.

FROM THE DRAMA "SAMSON."

A ND must I then not love thee?

Thou art not of my creed!

So help the Lord above me,
 I can and will not heed!

'Tis vain indeed forever
 Affection pure to part;

For naught true love can sever
 From a beloved heart.

I climbed the mountain lonely;
The solitude above
With silent tongue asked only:
"What creed forbids to love?"
I walked the sea-shore, musing;
The surf beneath, indeed,
Sang evermore, accusing:
"Love cares not for a creed."

Where'er I roamed I met thee;
'Tis vain—I'll not forsake.
For ere I could forget thee
My heart must surely break.

'Tis vain indeed forever
Affection pure to part;
For naught true love can sever
From a beloved heart.

FOURTH OF JULY, 1861.

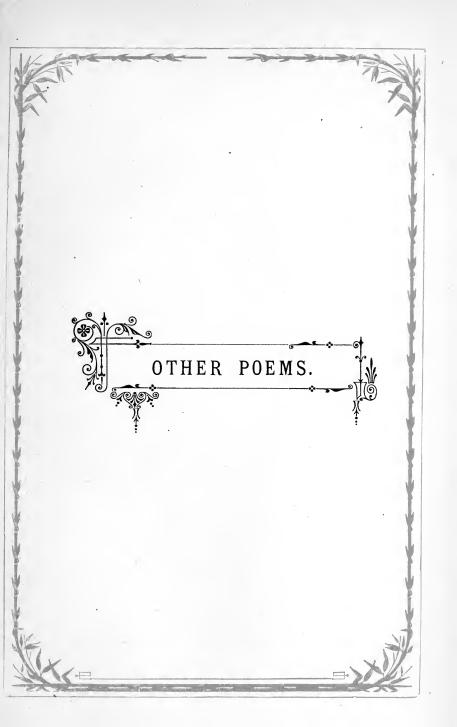
THIS is a day which the Lord has appointed.

Open the chapels, and, kneeling devout, Glory to Him who our heroes anointed, Strengthening their hearts, brave, noble, and stout.

To rescue the Nation from tyranny On Liberty's birthday, the Fourth of July.

God of our fathers! Who ever hast guarded,
In battle and council, America's fate,
Hear, we invoke Thee! restore the departed
Peace, love, and freedom to every State.

May proudly the eagle soar high to the sky On Liberty's birthday, each Fourth of July.







YAH, YAH!*

A TEUTONIC SKETCH.

I.

A PICTURESQUE village on the banks of the Rhine,

With crimson-hued oak and the well-loaded vine;

A cottage all decked in moss, ivy, and green, Though crumbling, yet cheerful and cozy and clean,

Is the home of a silver-haired widow—" Yah, yah,"

But her only son's in America!

* Yah, yah!-Yes, yes!

In a snowy-white cap and an old-fashioned gown

She sits in the huge old family chair;

Her face it is wrinkled, her form is bent down, And her fine Roman nose holds a spectacle pair.

'Tis twilight; she's knitting, and oft sighs, "Yah, yah,

How my heart yearns for him in America!

"He writes of that fair and beautiful land, And of things we old folks can't understand.

That all there are equal, and all there are free,

And labor is honored in the land o'er the sea."

With cracked and with tremulous voice she adds, "Yah,

God prosper and bless America!"

As mesh upon mesh her worsted-work grows
The embers die out in the quaint rustic
grate;

She drowsily nods and sinks in repose,

But sudden is roused by the creakyhinged gate.

Knocks the postman. A letter! She cries out: "Yah,

It comes from my boy in America!"

She would not exchange it for jewel or charm.

With fumbling finger and trembling arm,

And while with emotion beats quicker her heart.

She opens the missive, and reads, with a start, And a tear, and a smile, loud rejoicing-" Yah, yah,

He's well, he's well in America!"

"He's coming!" "I'm here!" cries a voice. By the sound

She knows him—she knows him—and, speechless with joy,

arms his weather-bronzed neck clasp Her around.

And her head drops reclining on the breast of her boy.

But then she recovers, and sobs out, "Yah, yah,

My child, oh! my son from America!"

II.

"And do you know my Fritz has come—Gretchen, his sweetheart, to take to his home?

Valley and mountain, ocean and State,
Never true loving hearts separate!
And when his young 'Frau'* he takes over
the sea,

Their wrinkled old mother—they'll never leave me;

They beg and entreat incessant: 'Yah, yah,' I must with them go to America.

"Seventy years—aye, seventy years—With tears and with smiles, with hopes and with fears,

With joys and with sorrows, have come and have gone:

Happily married, left widowed alone; Yon in God's-acre sleep husband and child, Father and mother! It makes me quite wild To place the ocean between us—'Yah, yah,' And die and be buried in America.

* Frau - Wife.

"To leave my cottage, my flowers and vines, And every dear object my bosom enshrines; Old neighbors and friends, with daughters and sons—

'Grossmutter'* all call me the little ones;
My birds and my chickens, and Tabby, the
cat—

Farewell to say now to this and to that.

Oh! how my poor heart will ache, 'Yah, yah,'

To part with them now for America!

"But there will be all the loved ones of mine, And there the sun as here will shine; And something better there, too, will be: A blessed country where all are free! Nor do I doubt, nor do I fear, That over the ocean, God, too, is near. All days of my life I trusted Him. 'Yah, He'll never forsake me in America!

"So gladly I say, then, His will be done!
'Yah,' I will go with you, my daughter and son.

^{*} Grossmutter-Grandmother.

Get ready, get married; be blessed! And you know

We'll be there the sooner, the sooner we go.

I fancy already—I talk like the old—

Some darling wee babe, eh? on my knees I may hold;

Then I will be ready to die — 'Yah, yah, yah'—

To sleep my last sleep in America.

III.

"Five years it is since I've sailed over the brine,

Exchanging the Mississippi in place of the Rhine.

Else nothing has altered—the ivy and green

Deck cosy my cottage, as yonder has been.

With more than childlike affection and grace Was modeled my New by my Old World place.

And neighbors and friends I have found—
'Yah, yah'—

Loving and kind, too, in America!

"Still something has changed: more weak and frail

My body is growing. I visibly fail
In health and strength, in speech and song:
But spite of all I feel again young,
In children's children, youth and life,
My noble son and his darling wife,
Their dark-faced boy and fair-haired girl—
'Yah,'

It seems like a dream in America!

"With never a sorrow, with never a care, Most blessed of mothers—enough and to spare, For wants and for charity yields the good farm. All hearts here are tender—so strong every arm!

Dependent alone on each other for love,
And goodness and mercy on Him who's
Above.

Around me is blooming the sunny South— 'Yah,'

My old age is blessed in America!

"The mocking-bird warbles so cheer'ly his tune;

Magnolia and roses perfume the sweet June;

Around me reigns peace serenely and mild, While rocking to sleep the darling, dear child. My thoughts, though, will wander, my tears freely flow,

As over the ocean to the Rhineland they go. I weep for my dear ones there buried—'Yah, yah,'

Our dead friends abroad live in America.

"But still I am thankful that I have been spared

To witness such joy, and such happiness reared.

My heart is so full, I must fall on my knees:

I thank Thee, O Lord, Who my innermost sees,

For all Thy great mercy! Soon wilt Thou, I know,

Permit me to see Thee—I'm ready to go!
But with my last breath I shall breathe it:
'Yah, yah,'

God bless thee and prosper, America!

"And when they shall lay me away in my grave,

Let the Father of Rivers my resting-place lave.

Where life was so tranquil, there cannot be room

For aught but for hope, love, and faith in the tomb.

Rose and magnolia plant over it bright; On modest memorial this epitaph write:

'Here rests a true woman from Germany, "Yah,"

Who lived and died blessing America!""

BANKRUPT.

A PICTURE OF THE TIMES.

One petit item, scarce more than a line, Next editorial or telegraph news;

Typed—it is almost for reading too fine—Making report of some business encumber'd, Such as appear now uncounted, unnumber'd.

"Bankrupt" it heralds a mercantile firm Somewhere up in a country town.

Well, who does care if another must squirm?

Old is the story of life up and down;

But while it seems, ah! one more bursted bubble,

Fathom who can, its heartache and trouble.

Suffering and tears of the man who has failed, One already advanced in years--

He who never from hardships has quailed,

Never knew selfishness, cringing, or fears. Weary long years he has labored and striven, Building the fortune a moment has riven.

Highly respected and honored his fame,

Bond made his word with all whom he

dealt;

Unquestioned credit attached to his name;
Wealthy and poor a friend in him felt.
Wife and children his home happy render—
Loving, beloved, kind, generous, and tender.

Bankrupt now, and helpless involved!

Caused by the unforeseen crisis; betrayed Sadly by those whom he trusted; resolved—

Honestly facing his doom undismayed—
All that he owns in this world, to his lenders

Scrupulously and fully surrenders.

Bankrupt! Now do you know what it is,
Blighting one of his sensitive sort?—
One who never knew want such as this,
One to whom loved ones look up for support;
Penniless, houseless, friendless, despairing,
Hopelessly into the dark future staring.

Look at the contrast! Affluence and ease Changed into poverty, actual need— Barely enough common wants to appease.

Pride is alone, and that shame, indeed, Left him, that natural shrinking feeling Which from the world his woe is concealing.

Winter approaches, and there is no fuel;
Hunger is gnawing, and there is no bread;
Children are naked—O God! 'tis too cruel:
An invalid wife confined to her bed.
Hark! How he shrieks! insane! How he

cowers!
"Spare them, O Lord! Upon me fall Thy

"Spare them, O Lord! Upon me fall Thy powers!"

Thus is struck down the cultured, refined,
By a commercial tidal wave.

Easy the end can be told or defined: Broken, a heart fills a newly-made grave. Widow and orphans are weeping and wailing—

Father of Mercy, oh! be Thou not failing.

SUNSET ON MOUNT DAVIDSON.*

1865.

M OUNTAIN-CONE, upon thy summit, where the North wind icy blows, In the dying evening twilight, dying like a

full-blown rose,

Lingers one beholding wonders more sublime eyes never saw:

Steep the hillsides, deep the valleys—landscape picture without flaw.

Miles above the ocean-level, isolated from the world,

Sterile, only heather growing, and the sagebrush thickly curled—

Rarefied, the air can barely breath supply—still here attests

Every knoll that human labor ne'er is daunted, never rests.

* Virginia City and Gold Hill, Nev., lie at the foot of Mt. Davidson.

- One decade ere this the Indian roamed alone here, digging root;
- Now see palaces of granite dot the country black with soot;
- Instead of wigwam and of camp-fire rolls the flame of coal and pines
- From the mouth of steam-machinery through the densely peopled mines.
- As if by a dream created, or as by some magic spell,
- Roads and houses, hamlets, cities, gird the hill and grace the dell.
- High up into the Sierra, who the wond'rous sight beholds,
- Far away to Utah's desert, where the Salt-Lake growls and scolds:
- Yes, as high as sight will carry, and as low as travel sound,
- Pick and axe have shaft and tunnel hewn into the rock and ground;
- For since Nature, always loving, clothed the surface all in dearth,
- She has planted richest treasures in the bowels of the earth.

- Deep below, the virgin-metal joyous weds with Industry—
- Thus is close the far-off Northland joined to Civilization nigh.
- People leave their homes and country, flock to places waste and sere—
- They are coming, coming, coming, spite of hardship, risk, and fear;
- Coming like a new migration, traveling on the wings of steam—
- A reality which shortly seemed but like a maniac's scheme;
- Telegraph and locomotive, electric wire and iron track,
- Modern knights, jumped on the giant, on old Rocky Mountain's back.
- Every day brings new processions; thus they pour in file by file;
- They find room, find peace and plenty, find a home. Perhaps you smile;
- But the watchword of the Nations, worthy of the present day,
- Liberty's parole is: "Ubi bene ibi patria!" *

^{*} Wherever I fare well, there is my home.

TICONDEROGA CENTENNIAL.

1775-MAY 10-1875.

THERE stands many a castle-ruin in other far-off climes.

The traveler looks in wonder, reminded of bygone times—

Reminded of horror and terror of bonds, and fetters and slaves,

Of untold tyrant-oppression and despots' unknown graves.

How different sounds the story, like song's undying strain,

From the Ruins of Ticonderoga, on beautiful Lake Champlain!

The very place is holy, and sanctified each mound;

A monument is each wall-stone, on consecrated ground.

It speaks of a Nation rising and hewing in twain its yoke,

Wielding a giant's weapon with death-defying stroke.

- It speaks of Freedom's natal, proclaiming in its throe
- The birth of the Republic one hundred years ago.
- "In the name of the GREAT JEHOVAH!" was made the stern demand,
- "And the Continental Congress!" by Ethan Allen's band.
- It opened to the summons, the foreigner moved out,
- While freemen took possession with glorious Yankee shout.
- Immortal be the story, like song's undying strain—
- The Ruins of Ticonderoga, on beautiful Lake Champlain.
- The place be ever holy, and sanctified each mound:
- A monument each wall-stone, on consecrated ground.



SERIOUS MISTAKE.

FOR pencil or chisel it would be a scene,

Could artist or sculptor but present have been—

A tableau that would have established their fame,

To paint or to model the ancient dame.

Behold her there sitting in grandfather's chair,

Wrinkled and withered, in silver-bleached hair,

The spectacles her well-pointed nose squeeze, The family Bible lies on her knees.

And there she reads of the first man's birth, How God creates Adam from dust of the earth.

But hold! here she stops; the page is all done:

Over she turns, but two leaves instead one.

- Serene she continues, and never does mark This turning has gone in old Noah's new Ark.
- And thus she proceeds, with voice cracked and thin:
- "He covered with pitch both outside and in!"
- Imagine who can her face, mouth, and eyes!

 If lightning had struck her from Heaven's blue skies,
- Bewildered, astonished she could not be more.
- One jump, and erect she stands straight on the floor.
- And then she exclaims: "I'm three-score and one,
- But never did dream how frail we were done.
- La, mercy! man made out of dust of the ditch,
- And 'kivered' all inside and outside with pitch!"

WASHINGTON'S JUDGMENT.

A VISION. [1861.]

YON, where the Potomac winds its course round Vernon's holy height,

I've seen the spirit of Washington rise in my dream at night;

The hero blest,

Who stood the test

Of trying time, no more can rest;

Aroused by dreadful battle-cry with which his children rave—

The sons unworthy of their sires—it woke him from his grave.

The Continental chief, he stands, you on the topmost hill;

His right hand holds the sword high raised, the tears of sorrow fill

> His eyes; thus may He've looked that day

When foes held o'er the country sway;

When he did life and honor pledge to his own native land,

The Father of his country, 'midst that noble, stalwart band—

Aye, this, his own, his native land, for which he fought and bled,

The pride and glory of our globe e'er since his arm it led;

The hallowed sod With brother's blood

Is red, and into dust is trod.

That glorious banner 'neath which he, as if by Heaven's power,

Victoriously the Delaware crossed, in that self-same hour.

America's Constitution!—this, our modern Bible, torn,

This sacred patrimony decked with hatred, guilt, and scorn;

The verdant tree Of Liberty,

Beneath whose shadow all were free,

Leaf-stripped, and by the dreadful storm which from the Southward blows,

Columbia's hero no longer more finds in his tomb repose.

Yon, where the Potomac winds its course round Vernon's holy height,

I've seen the spirit of Washington rise in my dreams at night:

The hero brave From out his grave,

By his own sons dishonored, gave

His judgment, awful and serene, like ancient prophecy:

That odious, hated, and accursed all traitors surely be.

"Fugitives and vagabonds! like Cain's shall be their dooms;

Branded and marked like him, free soil shall ne'er contain their tombs;

A by-word and Example stand

For coming eras in every land;

Their country's woe, their children's curse, and their ancestors' shame,

Thus shall America's history preserve henceforth their name."

Thus cried aloud George Washington. The morning dawned afar;

Shrill sounded fife and drum, and all the circumstance of war.

I, 'midst the roar,
Saw Heavenward soar
An eagle who a rattlesnake bore:
And then awoke; but could not help—
I thought this dream must be
A vision which rebellion judged, like ancient prophecy.

THE WHITEWASH-BRUSH.

THE whitewash-brush, the whitewash-brush,
Is higher than Allah, greater than "Josh";
In letters and science, in commerce and art,
It plays its wondrous, powerful part;
Aye! all its haughty compeers are bosh
Compared to the mighty whitewash-brush.

Commanded by influence or gold,
It is the protector of young and old.
Every department of modern life
Reeking with wickedness and strife,
Society, politics, religion—hush!
They are all safe 'neath the whitewash-brush.

Scandal and gossip, the signs of our time,
Petty sin and unheard-of crime,
Judge and president, priest and flock,
May boldly at public opinion mock;
Whatever the peril, let them rush
And hide in the shade of the whitewashbrush.

With a few quick strokes it covers shames, Paints all fairly the blackest of names; Investigation it renders short With a friendly committee's swift report; And behold, instead of the sinner's crush, A coat laid on by the whitewash-brush!

All other emblems, then, let us lay down—
The cross and the sword, the mitre and crown;

Nor learning, nor justice, nor faith should miss

To take for their standard a sign like this, Without a scruple, without a blush:
The gilded sign of a whitewash-brush!

NEIR TOMID.*

A HEBREW LEGEND FROM THE CHRONICLES OF THE CITY OF WORMS.

OLD Worms, the Teuton's stronghold, close buckled to the Rhine,

Shows yet the massive synagogue with its time-hallowed shrine;

There burn two lamps for ever, the chronicle does state—

A most mysterious legend, which they still perpetuate.

And thus is told the story: It chanced in times of yore,

When history its gloomiest fruit of blood and carnage bore;

The Jews were then the objects of hatred and disdain,

Denounced by hypocritic priests, by blinded people slain.

^{*} Lamps burned constantly in memory of a beloved dead.

Fanatics, well supported with superstition's aid, Against Worms' congregation raised a cruel, dangerous raid.

- "The public wells are poisoned," report first whispers shy;
- "The public wells are poisoned!" soon goes forth the dreadful cry.
- "They who of old our Saviour with malice crucified
- Now caused the pestilence by which so many Christians died;
- Their Rabbins have been loitering suspiciously around,
- And in their cursed Ghetto are all yet well and sound."
- The streets are filled with people e'er ready for a row.
- "Hepp, hepp!" * they cry; and "Kill the Jews; they are damned anyhow!"
- Into the threatened quarter the raging masses sped;
- The frightened outcasts quick into the synagogue they fled.

^{*} A cry of doubtful origin, used by the mobs in Germany preceding and during Jewish persecutions.

- Upon their knees are lying men, women, young and old,
- All weeping, wrapt into their shrouds, most awful to behold;
- They're solemnly reciting their dismal, dying chants,
- While for their blood the riot fierce without loud cries and pants:
- "The cabalists, the criminals, we of your hands require,
- Doomed in the holy Roman realm to death upon the pyre!
- If you withhold our bidding, or to resist connive,
- We'll burn forthwith the Ghetto—aye, we'll roast you all alive!"
- The elders and the people for counsel quick combine,
- Their hoary teachers praying on before the holy shrine.
- Loud sounds their "Sh'ma Israel" * into each ear and heart;
- Crowbar and axe outside attempt the door to break or part.

^{*} The leading Hebrew prayer.

- "These walls are strong—a fortress in this our time of need;
- Our wives and children we'll defend, and, if God hath decreed,
- We'll die here with our teachers, like heroes and like men:
- Do like the Maccabeans arm! arm for resistance then!"
- All rush now to the portals with deathdefying will.
- But hark! outside the noise subsides; it suddenly grows still;
- The port-bolts give, and by themselves the doors are open cast.
- Hence flies the startled, boisterous mob; all danger, sure, is past.
- The vestibule is lighted, and unconsumed, like spells,
- The faggots burn, as once the bush of which the Bible tells;
- And where the flames lick topmost the pyres in purple sheen,
- Two agèd men are standing firm, by all the people seen.

- They had come, none knew whither, and loudly did exclaim
- Unto the furious Christians: "Stay! we are alone to blame!
- Shed not the blood that's innocent; on us may fall your ire!"
- Forthwith the stack is kindled; they are doomed unto the fire.
- But lo! the flame ne'er singes upon their heads a hair;
- Erect they stand, with upraised hands: their persecutors stare
- In frenzied consternation unto the awful sight;
- And terror 'smites fanatics wild, who take, confused, to flight.
- The Israelites, too, see there the miracle declared
- By which the hour of danger thus has passed and they are spared;
- They still cry: "Sh'ma Israel!" Behold, the embers feared
- Die out at once, and suddenly the two men disappeared.

They vanished, none knew whither; but from that day till now

Before the tabernacle were, as a most sacred vow,

By day and night kept burning—thus is each sexton bid—

Two lamps, denominated well the martyrs' "Neir Tomid!"

Old Worms, the Teuton's stronghold, close buckled to the Rhine,

Shows yet the massive synagogue with its time-hallowed shrine;

And with its two lamps burning, the chronicle does state—

This most mysterious legend, which they still perpetuate.



FEBRILE FRENZIES.

FANTASIA.

I.

TOSS abed in fever craze,
Clam perspiration decks my face;
And ugly visions rise and strain
My burning, throbbing, aching brain.

Nor sleep nor wake, as one who dies, Wide glaring, open stand my eyes; And soon in cataleptic throes Methinks are fading hopes and woes.

Dim pass away my thoughts and songs, Whate'er the heart loves, fears, and longs; And, like a fleeting shadow stray, Life ebbs oblivious soon away.

The people come, the people go; Some turn me over to and fro; My body in a coffin crowd, Clean washed, and clothed in linen shroud. By usage old, which yet prevails, Six unplaned boards, box-shaped with nails, Is every Hebrew's final share, For beggar as for millionaire.

Though many an eye, behold, is wet; Though all feel sorry, still they fret Until the hearse starts off with me Unto the Jewish cemet'ry.

But ere with fresh, damp earth all ends, The last sad rites an old man tends; He lifts the lid, and on his knees Performs most curious cer'monies.

According to some ancient code, Half-solemn and half-cruel mode, With fragments of a broken cup The eyes and mouth he covers up.

An earth-filled pillow 'neath the head, A taleth* 'round the neck that's dead—'Tis all according to the form Of mystic, cabalistic norm;

^{*} The sacred garb used by the orthodox as cover for head and shoulders during prayer.

As in the "Book of Life" 'tis writ— Named "Book of Death" were better fit. The ropes are placed, the box let down Into the yawning grave, afrown.

Now men and shovels fill the tomb With clay and maggots, night and gloom. The grubs, I fear, will bring to naught The resurrection we are taught.

And curious still, it seemed withal My soul did hover o'er the pall. It would abide on earth and stay Until the corpse is laid away.

What next became of it, we'll trust The future may reveal, and must, Until its abode, bad or well, Is fixed for paradise or hell.

But, after all, I'm glad to say
I died but in my fever. Ay,
These dreams and rhymes I gladly give
A little longer yet to live.

II.

Once more the fever made me wander;
I dreamed another, loftier sight:
My soul went to the life that's yonder,
Unto the Heavenly portals bright.
Yet there, with quick perceptive vision,
I noticed a most strange provision:

Some side-doors stood ajar; these portals
Were sally-points from whence approach
Long-bearded saints, once living mortals,
Who on my trembling soul encroach;
And every holy, hoary father
His neighbor crowds and tries to bother.

And when I made the exclamation:

"Who opes the main port unto me?"

You should have seen their consternation!

Each one contends that it was he,

If I would own their faith and power.

My answer made them start and cower:

"My faith is God—God, One, Eternal!"
And as the words I uttered, lo!
The Heavens opened; glory vernal—
No mortal comprehends it so—

Burst on my vivified conception, A disenthralled soul's first reception.

A seraph came, and he conducted

Me to the foot of God's High Throne.

By him I was forthwith instructed

To kneel contrite, demure, and prone.

My judgment will, as all announce,

The Heavenly Father now pronounce.

A voice, awful, sublime, and stately, Spake forth these words—they sound like songs—

"My son! on earth thou suffered greatly.

Thou wast a poet—all thy wrongs,
Though they were many, are forgiven;
Thou wast an author—enter Heaven!"

The angel my companion, nearing,
A password whispered in my ears.
Through endless spaces we are steering—
For wings had grown me unawares—
He led me thus to that collection
Inscribed: "The Poet's celestial section."

And here he left me as I entered.

My goodness, what a sight was there!—

Soft, rosy light, in which was centered Capacious, but a crowded sphere.

Watch held one o'er the golden chapter—
He seemed less poet than adapter.

"What hast thou written?" he demanded;
"The Febrile Frenzies!" I replied.
"Read!" As the manuscript I handed
It quickly at my head was shied.
He pointed at his stack of writing,
From which peered amours, crime, and fighting.

Were thus, then, all my ideals ending
Of song immortal in spirit-lands?
As, searching, I my head was bending,
In agony I wrung my hands!
Such trash in front! away back hidden
The masters, as if here unbidden.

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Back to the throne of God I fluttered;
Insane I stared and loudly cried:
"From Heaven banish me!"—then muttered,
"Such a state Above as I descried.
I will be damned, in hell be roasted!"—
And then awoke, all wet, exhausted.

III.

I had my wish—it makes me cower—
In Hades I was chained to brood
'Midst fire of the wildest power,
With flames for garments, coals for food.

But still kept up rebellious pondering,
Nor murmured, craven, with complaint;
Ne'er minding the caloric thundering,
I bore all patient like a saint.

Had only not so noisy clamored

Vile politicians, priests, and kings,
As they were scorched, and pinched, and
hammered,

Till with their howls inferno rings.

Ah! in the pool of fire eternal
I noticed baking heads and hands.
To cinders changed all pomp external,
Of bank and store, of seas and lands.

Oh, what a multitude of errors!

What tigers, once disguised as lambs!

The pious, trusted, now in terrors;

Aflame pretence, conceit, and shams.

But once a week, comes Friday even
Here, too, reigns quiet, with fare of fish;
And unto every sinner given
Is then the granting of one wish.

Such lesson find in the Agadah,
Of high Talmudic lore and fame;
Yea, Sabbath-pudding,* a panada
Comes to each suffer all the same.

Thus, red-hot, time was quickly flying.
Of wings deprived, I had to roast.
My wrath calcined; up went defying,
In fire, all anger, pride, and boast.

When Friday came around, as usual
My old friend seraph neared, and he
This time met not with a refusal
In offering kindness unto me.

On earth I had left dearest kindred,
Who must have learned that I was dead.
Oh! that I were no longer hinder'd
To soothe their hearts, which must have bled.

^{*} A Jewish dish well known by the name of "Kuchel.'

I would for once ask the permission
Returning to you mundane sphere;
Could such be done on the decision
That I might wing myself from here.

Therefore I asked if he objected
His pinions for a while to spare?
When instantly I too detected
They grew upon my shoulders bare.

And quick I flew. It needed flying
In my old German fatherland.
An angel would be law defying,
Were not a passport in his hand.

The Lord Himself they would imprison
If He committed such offence.
So, turning upwards, I had risen
And reached my old home-residence.

Hark! Midnight! every one is sleeping,
Except my sorrowing people, who
Their pillows drench with bitter weeping,
As only parents can and do.

Then slowly, softly I fanned slumber
Upon their tear-sore, weary eyes.
Asleep their heart-aches, cruel, somber,
To soothed consoling prayers rise.

Low-bending, their beloved features,
I saw them, as in years ago.
Time, these adored and dear creatures
Had kindly dealt with, spite their woe.

And now, in accents mild and tender,
I whispered in their ears this strain:
"Dust all, we unto dust surrender,
But by God's mercy meet again!"

Alas! I meanwhile thought in terror
Of my confounded, cruel fate;
Of retribution, sin, and error.
I rose again, for it grew late.

Poor seraph! I indeed feel sorry!

Thou wilt not soon behold me more.

Without thy wings wilt have to worry

Below in waiting, sad and sore.

OTHER POEMS.

Too far on high I rose; already
Had sun and moon and comets scored.
When wide I 'woke, was calm and steady,
And fully, God be thanked, restored!

And now that I can calmly ponder,
May not our whole theology,
Our speculations on the Yonder,
Such dreams of fever-frenzy be?

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Lord! grant that when we wake hereafter,
We fully be restored and well;
That we may mix our tears and laughter
On our conceits of Heaven and Hell.



THE GERMAN VOLUNTEER, (1862.)

A MONG the maimed and slaughtered
In the field of fierce contest,
One of the dying soldiers—
Shot through and through his breast—
Supported by his musket, he
Convulsively did rise;
Death rattled in his throat, and loud
Yet tremulous he cries:

"I came across the ocean.

At home I've been a slave.

I fought and die for liberty,

And find a freeman's grave!

And if I had ten thousand lives

I'd sacrifice them all

Ere I would see the Stars and Stripes

A prey to traitors fall.

"Adieu, my wife and children
Whom I abroad have left!
The God of babes and widows
Protect you, now bereft!

And when hereafter peace returns, Columbia, ne'er forget That many a sod beneath thy feet With foreign blood is wet.

"May Heaven guide this struggle,
And keep the country free—
On earth the only refuge
For life and liberty.
The Union one forever!—'gain
On high the eagle soar!"
Thus shouts the German volunteer,
And falls and is no more.

He saw not, knew not, 'round him

Did silently gather then,

In deep and sad emotion,
General, staff, and men.

They bore him on their muskets thence—
Brave soldier's envied bier—

And buried him on the battle-field
With many a sigh and tear.

A COURT SCENE.

(FROM AN ACTUAL OCCURRENCE.)

" AY so it please your honor, my own case I would plead.

Assign me no attorney: I have no lawyers need.

And, gentlemen of the jury, my words may be uncouth,

I'll tell the truth!—I've sworn—and nothing but the truth:

I've killed the man—I own it; my weapon there you see;

And when you've heard my story you may do as you please with me.

Low creature they call me; I know it, my name is not of the best;

But still I am a woman, with feelings and rights of the rest.

My eyes and features reveal it, as true as God stamped Cain's;

Indian blood and passion run hotly through my veins.

You know my husband left me—it was before I fell.

Abandoned, with hungry children, what others would do, you tell.

The night when this deed I committed, my youngest one lay sick

With burning, raging fever; her breath came hot and thick.

There stands the doctor who told me with rest and nursing she'd live;

A mother, I trusted fondly in his restorative.

When outside, with boisterous clamor, crazy with drink and lust,

At midnight the man insisted that enter my house he must.

With tears I begged, I implored him not to disturb our peace,

But to the purpose only to make his rage increase.

He swore and raved; he clamored and threatened—then perfectly wild—

If the door I'd not quickly open he'd kill me and the child.

And then he fell in his fury to batter down the lock:

I cannot tell now was it with hammer or a rock.

I could not bear it longer; with none to help me near,

Frantic, grasped my weapon, and its report I hear.

What happened next I know not, but see, the man is dead;

It fits my pistol's barrel, from out his heart the lead.

If any of my sisters condemn my life of shame,

With Christian indignation a wicked woman blame,

- She throw the first stone upon me; but I do not refrain
- To vow, the outrage repeated, that I would shoot again!
- Such, gentlemen, is my story! My life is in your hand;
- Bring in your verdict justly, as law and right demand.
- But judge me as a mother; if I have acted wild—
- Ah! I see tears here flowing—I did protect my child!
- You will not leave the court-room—you have made up your mind?
- "Not guilty," says the foreman; you all this verdict find?
- I'm free? may go? God bless you! And now at once for home;
- My heart yearns for my baby. Come, doctor, quickly come!

REMORSE.

THE dreary night drags slowly by—
Will it be never morning?
Like mockery or scorning
Has hovered 'round, now far, now nigh,
The sleep I covet; but the eye
Is aching, painful burning.

There was a time I, too, enjoyed

The balm of peaceful slumber—
Now all is dark and sombre;
For since I wilfully destroyed
My better self, by sin decoyed,
My woes are without number.

Look over there—on yonder wall,

Where night-lamp rays are crawling,

A sight which is appalling.

The words stick in my throat—I'd call—
O Heaven! is there no grace at all

For one who has been falling?

My feverish hands run through my hair.
That foul deed's apparition,
In sitting, stark position,

Involuntar'ly from my lair
It draws me; like insane I stare,
And there behold perdition.

Curst and condemned!—I hear it coarse.

My pulse grows thin and thinner.

Ah! Satan has been winner.

Curst and condemned!—a voice speaks hoarse!

I scream in anguish and remorse:
God pity a poor sinner!

NEVER, NEVER, NEVER!

A WANTON shot of a cruel hand
Brought down the eagle from on high,
Crippling his wings. He flapped the sand,
In vain endeavoring still to fly,
His shrieks all agony, a strain
Methought it was—the wild refrain:
"My pure, blue sky, forever
Our ties we must now sever,
For I can reach thee never—never—never!"

While furious gusts the waters lashed
And rolled them back far out of reach,
One of the finny tribe was dashed,
By storm, high on the rocky beach;
Mute, eloquent the writhing pain
Spoke dying, gasping the refrain:
"My pure, green ocean, ever
Our ties we must now sever,
For I can reach thee never—never—never!"

More sad than these, I saw a sight—
A man, a human being, wrecked,
All battling in a deathly fight;
For feign he'd rise, but e'er was checked
By cruel fate. His heart and brain,
All full of song, moaned the refrain:
"My pure, high home, forever
Our ties we must now sever,
For I can reach thee never—never—never!"



A CENTENNIAL POEM-1876.*

NE hundred years only—one hundred years—

The fathers of this nation,
'Midst hope and trembling, trust and fears,
Signed Freedom's glorious proclamation.
In history's annals 'tis but like a day—
One hundred years only have passed away!

From world's end to world's end the message flew forth,

To oppressed of all classes and people,
From East to West, from South to North,
From city to hamlet, from palace to
steeple.

Men welcomed it fervently near and far; All hailed it--" Liberty's morning star!"

Degraded pigmies of a giant race,

How have you guarded the treasure?

Look at our realm, its shame and disgrace.

It overflows the long-filled measure

Of misery, suff'ring, starvation, and

Crime stalking brazen through the land.

^{*}At the time when this was written, as nearly everybody will remember, the country was in a most deplorable condition.

Fanaticism and bigotry

All nooks and corners are filling.

The dollar's almighty monopoly

The people's blood is distilling.

Vile politicians govern the state,

And dramshops rule the Republic's fate.

Justice is blind, and deaf, and dumb;

Law is but trick and contrivance;

Truth only is honored if bringing a crumb

Of gain from lie and connivance;

And patriotism means now—the woe!—

Corruption in office, high and low.

There once was a time—the trembling lip
Owns up the sad reflection—
To boast American citizenship
Meant safety, honor, and protection;
While now the pettiest tyrant must
The "Stars and Stripes" trail in the dust.

Shall we, then, perish? Must we go down,
Suicides cursed by damnation?
Despots' stigma, Liberty's frown,
A byword—is there no salvation?
Devoid of hearts, of brains and hands,
Bearing the triflers' and cowards' brands?

OTHER POEMS.

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Spirit of Washington, Franklin, and Clay,
Spirit of martyr and hero,
Help us on High! and, if you may,
Send us the man—be it Cato or Nero—
To raise this people from lethargy
And drive from the temple the Pharisee.

One hundred years hence, then—one hundred years—

When thus is saved the nation,
'Midst hopes and trembling, trust and fears,
Saved Freedom's glorious proclamation!
One hundred years hence—blessed be that
day,

From history never to pass away!



THE COLLECTOR'S WIFE.

A TRUE STORY.

"I'M dressed and waiting; supper is ready; the house is in trim and fix.

He told me he would be home at even—and now 'tis nearly six.

The cakes and cookies and dishes I've made he likes so well:

Man loves a woman better, if his taste she knows to tell.

"Hurrah! I hear his Bessy's neighing!
Hark! he comes not alone!

I wonder who is his company—and—how long ere they'll be gone?

I rather had been without strangers; I know it is selfish and sin—

Not him? For the first time mistaken! They rap. Come in—come in!

"'What would ye with me? O Heaven! masked faces! My husband is gone, but then

You will not harm a helpless woman, if you are American men!

The money he has collected? the Government's revenue?

Kill me! but tell I'll never where 'tis hidden; see if I do!

"'He placed it in my charge and keeping, leaving home—a trust

Which while I live I'll not give over! Try, if you dare and must!

Ye twist those ropes so tightly, they cut to the bone my hands.

I would not more have resisted without those cruel bands.'

"They're gone to search the house. I'd scream, but, alas! no one is nigh.

They will not find the hidden treasure, let them till doomsday try!

Would that returned my husband and see me suffer here!

I'm shaking in my agony 'twixt pain, and hope, and fear.

"Hark! hark! they've found the coffer. It staggers all belief.

Disgraced will be as a defaulter the man I love—a thief!

- The Government will denounce him, all in his innocence.
- Enough is money missing, convicting evidence.
- "My limbs are free again; they bid me to give them supper quick.
- An interposition of Heaven clearly, I see in this foolish trick:
- These rogues tempt God their wickedness to punish; and, behold!
- I am His humble instrument our honor to uphold.
- "'Tis awful! they jest and they make merry so near the brink of death!

AND THE TOTAL TOTA

- I see it work already in each short and heaving breath:
- The poison is creeping surely and fatal through blood and brain.
- They're dying and expiring! I'm safe and free again.
- "Now quick I will unmask these villains, who thus their sex disgrace;
- Perhaps that I can recognize one or the other's face.

- Not one of all I'm knowing—here is the very last—
- His mask off, too! I'll see him, since danger all is past.
- "O horrible sight! O cruel vision! It cannot, cannot be—
- My all, my loved one, O my husband! in this dread company.
- Body and soul, and safety, love, happiness, all gone by;
- Housebreaker he and robber, and I, his murderess—I!"
- Frenzied, with hair dishevelled and flying, with countenance ghastly and pale,
- She reaches, panting, a magistrate's office, and tells her fearful tale.
- Her eyes are rolling wildly, her limbs and body shake;
- Madness follows her footsteps, and Death is in her wake.
- Then as she staggers blind, and prostrate, expiring, falls to the floor,
- Maniac-like, in the midst of people, she suddenly rises once more,

With an effort wild and convulsive, until she is on her knees,

Broken exclaiming in prayer, as if inspired she sees:

"Have mercy, Lord, on us poor sinners, in love instead of right!

Oh! help us stray ones; make dark places with Thine forgiveness light.

My hus—band—!" And she mingles a tear with her last breath,

A loving, tender woman, beautiful unto death.

THE RUSSIAN EXILE.

"O YE, who know what spell contains the little word of home,

May ne'er ye feel the bitterness alone the world to roam,

Without a country, and without a friend or loving tie,

As now the Russian Exile must, a maidendoomed as I:

- "A stranger in a foreign land with language ne'er my own,
- Like tree torn from its native soil wherein its youth had grown—
- One who was reared in plenty's lap, midst luxury and ease;
- Now thrown a pauper on the world, deprived of rest and peace.
- "Deprived of all men value dear, naught, naught is left for me
- Except the horror-striking claws of anguished memory.
- That I but might, that I but could, events just past forget; ———
- That I could veil in blackest night the cruel fate I met;
- "Could I forget how men like wolves and tigers ravenous grew,
- And father, mother, kin and friends, in their wild frenzy, slew;
- When axe and sickle ceased their work, how they, in ghoulish ire,
- The loved corpses pitiless threw in the raging fire;

- "How they compelled me, yet a child, to hush my moans and shrieks—
- Look here, their nail-prints in my arm they dug in brutal freaks!
- O God! O God! the memory it cleaves my heart in twain;
- The recollections of my mind, they'll drive me yet insane.
- "Behold, my hair is bleached in youth; it has grown silver-white.
- No tongue will ever tell the tale, the horror of that night.
- When unsexed women swore and raved, they swore and raved I must,
- Right in their presence, fall a prey to carnal, brutal lust.
- "I in my terror and despair shrieked loud for death or aid,
- When strength came o'er me suddenly. Like tigress undismay'd
- I fought. I snatched the axe from one next me; I smote her dead,
- And, 'midst their consternation blank, into the night I fled.

- "The forest jungle was more kind than aught to me had been.
- For weeks I dwelt in hidden cave, like beasts live in their den;
- I suffered hunger, parched with thirst—and all this my own choice.
- I dreaded nothing more than hear footfall of man, or voice.
- "I dared not sleep—I cannot sleep, for in my haunted dreams
- The whole dread tragedy will come o'er me again, it seems.
- At length philanthropists abroad, touched by the cruel shame,
- Succeeded in their efforts, they soon to our rescue came.
- "Thus I was saved and brought secure across the ocean here.
- Oh! thanks, kind friends; I see that you for me will shed a tear.
- My eyes with weeping have grown dry; they feel so hot and sore—
- My tears ran so incessantly. Henceforth I'll weep no more.

- "And why came all this misery on my devoted head?
- Why moulder in uncounted graves our poor unnumbered dead?
- Why have the mobs, the craven mobs, in fury risen wild?
- Why despots did permit to kill so mother and so child?
- "O God of Israel! for Thee for Thee we suffered all.
- For our religion we again, again as martyrs fall,
- As martyrs in this age of light—so called—humane and kind,
- While Russia tramps on human rights, fanatically blind!
- "I have been taught from early youth not for revenge to pray,
- 'For vengeance is the Lord's '—is His, my pious teachers say.
- But here upon my knees I lie and Sabaoth implore:
- O Host of Justice! be Thou just unto Thine own once more!

- "Nay, God have pity on their souls! No man could bear the weight
- That must be due to such as those with all their dreadful freight
- Of tears, of blood, of pangs and pain, of tortured and of slain.
- Have pity, God, upon their souls, nor let me pray in vain!
- "Thou hast permitted for some good our persecutors' wrath,
- No doubt to lead Thy people 'gain upon their mission's path.
- Still, thanks to Thee! in my great need I found Thee true, my God,
- 'Midst Israel in America -- my Adonoy-Echod!'' *

* God the One.



THE ORPHAN ASYLUM IN VIENNA.

THE Emp'ror Josef of Austria—the one of Hapsburg's clan

Who never had forgotten a prince is still a man,

Who gained and valued people's love as his most prized demesne—

Incognito did oft traverse his capital, old "Wien."*

Relieved from flattering courtiers, from politicians free,

His eyes behold all stages of human misery; Of suffering, hardship, wrong, and woe, which undisguised appear.

Injustice then was oft redressed, and dried up many a tear.

On such an expedition, as once the Emperor went,

He met an aged sexton, who 'neath a burden bent.

* The German name for Vienna.

- Morose and solitary, the man moved slow and sore;
- A little coffin of rough boards he on his shoulder bore.
- His sympathy awakened, the Monarch gently says:
- "What child is this you carry unto its resting-place?
- Is no one there to mourn the dead—no father, mother, kin?
- No sorry heart, no tearful eye? It is a shame and sin!"
- "Alas!" thus is made answer, with gruff, sardonic laugh,
- "An orphan boy I bury; his parents' beggarstaff
- Was all he e'er possessed on earth when found in fever's grasp
- Upon the pavement of the street. 'Bread!' was his dying gasp!"
- "Oh, may the Lord have mercy!" the deepmoved sovereign cried;
- "A child in Christian country has of starvation died!"

THE ORPHAN ASYLUM IN VIENNA. 165

He follows mourning to the grave, devoutly praying there,

As sorry as if the deceased one of his kindred were.

And when the little mound was erected on the ground,

His Majesty yet lingers, kneels down, like one spell-bound.

With upraised eyes and folded hands, the sunset on his brow,

Resembling saint or angel, he did make this solemn yow:

"Ne'er shall again my empire disgraced be and defiled;

For bread ne'er cry to Heaven a hungry orphan child

Within my realm — so help me God when comes my life's last hour!"

Most nobly was the promise kept, with blessings' fullest show'r.

The Emp'ror Josef of Austria had many a monument built:

His noble deeds are written in marble and in gilt;

Yet long when these have perished lives his mem'ry, graced and green,

As founder of the "Orphan Home" which bears his name in "Wien."

THE ORIGIN OF THE DIAMOND.*

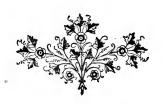
L ISTEN to the curious story
How the Diamond in its glory
Grew amidst the giant blocks
In the strata of the rocks;
How the precious stone was wrought
From a spark of light and thought;
Love-light shining on our earth.
In a tear the gem had birth.
Thought, to light and love obedient,
Its most pure and prized ingredient.

As from presence of the Lord Satan and his rebel horde, By ambition wild and fell, Hurled were into deepest hell—

^{*} Oriental Legends, written after the others were in print.

Doomed to fire, fear, and pain, Without sunshine, light, or rain— Mercy, the bright angel, crept To the throne of God and wept A hot tear, in deep prostration, E'en for Hades' last salvation.

And this drop, so tells the story,
Grew a jewel in its glory,
Falling 'midst the giant blocks
In the strata of the rocks.
As an emblem it was wrought,
Sparkling light, and love, and thought.
Crystallized proclaims the tear,
Final quenching fire and fear!
Heaven's promise, Mercy's token,
Are, like diamonds, never broken.



URIEL DA COSTA.

[A Jewish refugee from Portugal, where he and his family had been forced into Catholicism. On arriving in Amsterdam he rejoined Judaism. Soon, however, by his free-thought, he came in conflict with the Rabbins, and had to do public penance. Mortified by this humiliation, he killed himself, A.D. 1644.]

→ URSED by the holy Synagogue, Is he a sinner, knave, or rogue? With folded hands, but knitted brow, Before the Rabbins he does bow: A culprit, made to bend his knee In shame and penance. Who is he? A man who, in the dark of night, Has seen the dawning of the light. By glorious visions all inspired, The house of prejudice he fired. Not asking how it burn and scorch, He lit and waved the flaming torch, And narrow-mindedness felt weak. Oh! how the hypocrites did shriek. And how fanatics clamored wild. "'Sanctum Sanctorum' is defiled!" Thus loud goes forth their hue and cry! Will might prevail, and tyranny?

The grand "Sanhedrin" does decree: "Renounce thy false philosophy!

"A heretic thou art, defamed; The Cherem godoul* we proclaimed!"

Who in that malediction stays
Were better dead those cruel days,

When ignorance takes quick in hand What superstition does command;

Of all the stiff-necked, stubborn crew, The worst is a fanatic Jew.

The people and their priests combine; They have him at the sacred shrine.

All too unequal is the fight—
They bid him say that wrong is right!

And though his heart and soul be rent, They made him own it: "I repent!"

Repent he said, the book records; He spoke the bitter, hateful words.

Upon his neck they placed their feet, His humiliation to complete.

^{*}The anathema of the Rabbins in former times when they had ecclesiastical jurisdiction,

OTHER POEMS.

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Nor Moses nor the Prophets cite Such Catholic-inquisition rite.

But Israelites in Holland try
What Spanish monks but justify;

Which proves: no folly is so great Blind zealots will not imitate.

But while at times men have been hushed, The Truth proclaimed, was never crushed!

Such seed once sown will grow along For harvest sure, almighty strong!

The little souls their work have done; They thought extinguished was the sun,

Since they had shut their sleepy eyes And grinned so mighty and so wise.

But though ere this men had been hushed, God's truth proclaimed, is never crushed!

Thus while their victim's heart ached sore, Da Costa's name lives evermore.

A DOCTOR'S PANEGYRIC

BEFORE THE ANNUAL MEDICO SOCIETY.

L ADIES and Sirs! Most welcome here, dear friends;

And while I'd make for my poor words and rhymes amends,

Pray give ye close attention for the task assigned,

To eulogize our calling—one most high and kind,

The noblest of all missions: Profession of Physicians.

Not that I would attempt to slur or underrate

Other crafts and arts. Society and state,

Mankind for its development and fullest strength

Requires them, too, in fullest width, and height, and length.

Bless all that break a fetter Or make us nobler, better!

But thrice blest certainly should be the earnest man,

Devoting all his life, whate'er he is and can, To alleviate the pangs and suff'ring of our kind—

The sick, the weak, the halt, the lame and blind,

The sore in heart and feeling— By the great art of healing.

There is no season, hot or cold, the doctor may

Look for his ease or comfort. In stormiest night or day

He must be ready at a patient's slightest call.

Hungry, thirsty, though the eyes with sleep may fall,

None of all these are heeded, He's at his post when needed.

For wisdom to High Heaven he directs his eye.

He watches close and reads the changes of the sky.

Into the bowels of the earth he arduous dives

For treasures there concealed which will save human lives.

All nature he'll explore, Health failing to restore.

The min'rals turn to medicines at his be-

The vegetable realm gives balm at his request.

The animal kingdom, too, waits his command To turn restorative at his benignant hand.

> E'en poison's deathly ranges Into health-power he changes.

Have ever you been vouchsafed, closely to behold

The anxious looks of all the household, young and old,

When o'er the baby-suff'rer their kind doctor bends and bides?

He counts the pulse; all breathless wait till he decides:

Is pet to live? God save her! Or go to Him who gave her? The state of the s

Have e'er you stood close by when mother, seeming low,

In fever's grasp, her waning breath comes hot and slow;

When husband, sons, and daughters silent, tearful pray

Her to be safe, and hear at last the doctor say,

"Thank Heaven, I fear no longer— The crisis left her stronger"?

And oh! the grief and sorrow when, in spite of skill

And all that can be done by science and best of will,

At last grim Death will claim the suff'rer as his own,

Amidst the woe, the tears, the sobs, heartrending groan,

Dumbfounded, mute appealing—Ay, doctors too have feeling!

Many an hour and many a day is thus made sad

In vigils from the cradle to the grave. And add

That this oft happens 'midst the ranks of 'veriest poor—

An evil for which there seems neither help nor cure—

Take all in all, and can we The good profession envy?

Still, our reward is: duty well and true performed;

Grief stilled that in some bosom wildly raged and stormed;

Tears dried which would in anguish all unbidden flow;

And pallid cheeks with health and color made to glow.

Unselfish satisfaction, Man's best of thought and action!

To strengthen such great purpose, foster such high ends,

Assemble, here in council yearly, all true friends.

Once more, then, welcome! Let us prove by work combined

To elevate our calling—one most high and kind,
The noblest of all missions:
Profession of Physicians.

AN APPEAL TO AMERICA

AGAINST SECTARIAN AGITATIONS.

THOU, too, great, glorious, free-born dame,
Art urged to black thy unstained name,
With persecution's foulest shame.

Thou, too, upon thy favored soil, Art called upon to join the spoil For which barbarians toiled and toil.

The Nineteenth Century looks on With all it has for mankind done, And trembles for thy victories won.

Thy heroes dead, in reverenced graves O'er which immortal triumph waves, Fanaticism taunts and braves.

The grandest of prerogative, Thy great palladium, conceive Torn, desecrated, positive,

AN APPEAL TO AMERICA.

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Except thou stay the upraised hand Which in this time and in this land Would curse thy brow with Cain's vile brand;

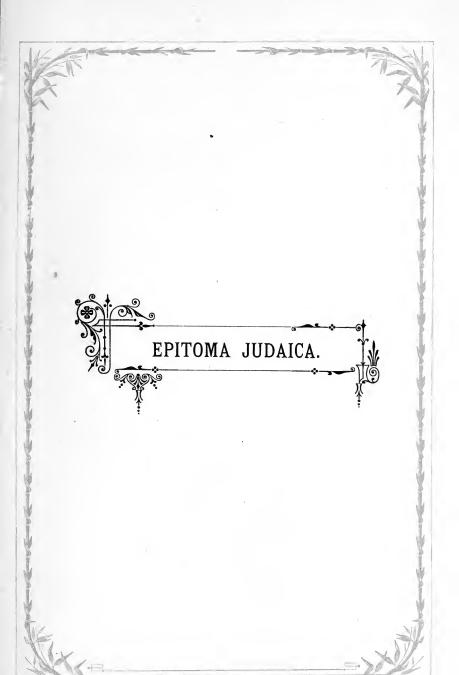
Except thy foot, O giantess!
Comes down in ire, stern for redress,
As raise thy arms in tenderness;

Except thou bid each creed and church:
"Here is no room where Hatred's torch
For bloody strife and tears may search;

"But in this realm of wide expanse Reigns Liberty's deliverance In panoply of Tolerance!"









"Behold in marble chiselled the ideal!"—PART III., p. 197. EZEKIEL'S STATUE OF RELIGIOUS LIBERTY.

Kpitoma Judaica.

DEDICATORY ADDRESS

AT THE ERECTION IN PHILADELPHIA, 1876, OF EZEKIEL'S STATUE: RELIGIOUS LIBERTY,

PART FIRST.

THE themes immortal sung by bards have been

Of glorious nations and heroic men;

And tears and smiles a verse has often stirred,

A tale of fate which conquered, loved, or erred.

For in all times, no matter where and when, Like unto birds of mountain, dell, and glen, Man sings of goal attained and hope deferred. Thus came these rhymes; if lacking beauty's grace,

Indulge the nosegay, though in broken vase.

There lives a people in whose very name Is centred human glory and their shameA people whose proud records plainly tell How earth can be made paradise or hell. This nation, who has wrought its own high fame,

Bright from the furnace of its trials came; May I forget my right hand, Israel, If I forget thee—thee to whom belongs Whate'er is worthy in these humble songs!

'Tis near four thousand years when there went forth

The patriarch who, chosen for his worth,
Was bid, as told in the Old Testament,
Upon his mission of world-wide extent
To go and "bless all nations of the earth,"
By making declarations of the birth
Of Heaven's will, revealed most eloquent
In this one sentence: "Adonai Echod!" *
Which means: There is but One, one only
God.

As chaos vanished at the grand behest,
"Let there be light!"—light, Heaven's gift
the best!—

So was the darkness in the moral world Into the abyss of dread destruction hurl'd.

* God is but One.

For this one revelation forms the crest Of Abram's unique, precious, grand bequest. From thence was Israel's banner wide unfurl'd—

One God! the watchword in its simple phrase;

One God! the mission for all future days.

The slave in Egypt, who beneath his chains And grievous burdens groaned and bore his pains,

Inflicted by the heartless master's whip—
The cruel hands that smote him thigh and hip—

While he whate'er is brutal still sustains, In spite of all, the strongest trust maintains. His eyes dilate, his convulsed musc'lar grip The task performs, with breath of life near gone,

Great in despair, believes: "God is but One!"

And Moses came and saved his shackled race.

The freedmen stand on awe-topped "Sinai's" base,

And there, from out of thunder, clouds, and flame,

Eternal truth, the laws of mankind came.

"I am thy God!" Be free! have love and grace.

Heaven folding Earth, her mate, in fond embrace,

"Amen!" did loud the universe proclaim.
Our globe turned into one great Synagogue,
And benediction was—the decalogue.

"I am thy God—One God!" This is the key

To all found subsequent in history.

Complex as proves the lock of life, 'twill fit

To ope the treasure stored in holy writ.

In secular annals naught is mystery—

Fiat to doubt! quietus to sophistry!

Science and reason shall in judgment sit,

Like mathematics, solving this One-say,

The darkness of the past, the light to-day.

Israel, dwelling in fair Palestine,
Built a temple and its holy shrine,
Slowly and gradually, but firm stepped on,
Developing the truth of "God the One";

Oft staggering, erring, clouding the Divine, Sure paying for its frequent sins the fine. But in transgressing, too, the work was done, For nothing clogs the wheel of fixed intents: E'en folly is one of God's instruments!

A chosen people, by divine decree
Recipients they and guardians were to be
Of an eternal law—a principle—a truth!
Yet they were men in weakness, faults, forsooth,

And oft to idols turned and bent the knee—And with our vast experience so do we.

Nor to become exclusive or uncouth

Were they elected. Models they should shine
In all that's noble, virtuous, good, and fine.

When, by the rule of evolution true,
Some other nations reached the standard, too,
At which they should and ought partake of
right,

The knowledge of the truth, the bliss of light, 'Twas then the holy land too narrow grew: The Temple fell; the Hebrew bade adieu

To home and sacred shrine, in tears and fright.

As every birth is wrapt in pangs and fear, So men do enter on each new career.

Well may the wand'rer sorrow when he leaves His home and country; when he pines and grieves

From all that is deemed dear and loved to part.

Well may the pilgrim mourn with trembling heart,

But, knowing what he loses, not conceives

The goal before him; and the dream he
weaves

Is to return e'en ere he makes a start.

Hebrew, go forth again! God's frowns and

smiles

Extend His will beyond a few square miles!

Twice lay Jerusalem in ashes. Rome
Engraved in human blood the epitome
Of her destructive instincts. Captive, slave,
Israel as a nation found its grave
Among the seven hills; beneath the dome
It built the Coliseum. Stone and loam
Were merciful compared to Titus brave.

But "Adonai Echod" remained their code, In history the grandest episode.

PART SECOND.

There is no standstill in events, but thought will often pause,

Reflecting on the logic stern of consequence and cause.

Right here some heroes of this world might well a lesson learn—

Those who oppressed would freedom and their independence earn;

Invincible God's people were while Union there presided:

The first-best conqueror laid them low when they became divided.

Events went on, and very soon the clash of nations came;

Fierce cohorts fell upon cohorts; the world shook in her frame.

The Hun against the Roman struck, the Norman 'gainst the Hun;

The Teuton, Anglo-Saxon, all in battle's circle spun.

- From one end of the continent of Europe to the other,
- Each tribe and clan seemed bent upon his neighbor's life to smother.
- And when the clash of armor ceased, Rome was no more, nor Greece;
- New rulers occupied the thrones, new thoughts came with the peace.
- An humble child of Nazareth, of Jewish parents born,
- A martyr on the crucifix, wreathed with a crown of thorn—
- He preached the law, he taught reform, to worship the Creator;
- He died the death at Roman hands, as died with them the traitor.
- Meek, simple, loving words his were, full of God's spirit each,
- In different terms but self-same sense as Law and Prophets teach.
- His followers were few at first, but soon in numbers swelled,
- And then increased to multitudes that were unparalleled.

But as they grew, his thoughts, his words, his labors were deserted;

They changed the teacher to a God: his mission was perverted.

At least so thought the Jews; and so they think this very day.

One God for them was well enough in whom to trust, to pray.

One only God—no Trinity—is what their Scriptures teach;

Let whosoever dare this faith, yet unimpeached, impeach.

And since they would not join the crowd as followers and suitors,

They were accused and soon decried the Saviour's persecutors.

The new creed met vicissitudes and suffered martyrdom,

From under which a cause grows strong and never does succumb.

Had men but learned the lesson then, what tolerance should be—

"Do unto others as ye would that others do to ye!"

But once their trials changed to power, in hamlet, town, and city

They placed their feet upon the necks of others without pity.

What then was done and there was done it harrows heart and soul,

In Christ's name and religion's name all o'er, from pole to pole.

The curse again went forth from Rome, launched out the blasting cue:

"Move on! move on! forever on! proscribed and outcast Jew.

Like Cain, find never rest, nor peace, nor place to live, nor shelter.

Move on! Who finds thee has permit in Hebrew blood to welter."

"Move on!" shrieked Italy, "Move on!" in her intensest strain.

"Move on!" Spain echoed shrill, "Move on!" O cruel, cruel Spain!

France, Germany, and Britain cried, and every petty prince:

"Move on, Jew, move! no matter how you suffer, cry, and wince."

Such horror, devilish outrage fill that period's blood-stained pages,

Such misery, barbarity—well are they called "Dark Ages!"

Behold this tableau: On his knees, the eyes raised up on high,

As if imploring Heaven and man against such tyranny;

Each feature speaks of agony—the hands clutched in his hair;

Wife, children, crouching by his side, a picture of despair.

The Jew moves on, forever on, and hither, thither wanders,

Still trusting "Adonai Echod!" — a faith he never slanders.

Like hunted game the Israelite seeks refuge in the caves;

He loses all—no matter, if the scroll of law he saves.

There is no war but that recoils upon his head a scourge,

No peace is made but brings him near annihilation's verge.

Well might he sing in David's words, with tones that sadly quiver:

"How long, O Lord, before Thou wilt Thy stricken ones deliver?"

Somehow submissively they lived and patiently endured.

They prayed, they learned, they worked, they hoped, but ne'er their creed abjured.

No retaliating hand they raised through centuries of woe—

Who ever knew a Jew to take revenge upon his foe?

To "Adonai Echod" belongs the judgment! so no wonder

Fanatics, priestcraft, tyranny, not Israel, went under.

PART THIRD.

The nightmare-dream, the terror, all is o'er; Changed are the passions which had ruled of yore;

The storms that raked humanity are past; From out of darkness light breaks forth at last. Free breathes the lover of his race once more:

Intolerance is smitten root and core.

The ship of state has "Progress" for her mast:

A flag she flings out at her topmost staff, Won by the press, and steam, and telegraph.

Miraculously these noble powers have wrought; All that's humane is in close contact brought. Hate, prejudice, the rule of sword and fist, No more can in our century exist.

Well are the battles of enlight'ment fought; The victory belonged to God and human thought!

Chief adjutant has been the scientist-Who would have prophesied it? Rome and Spain

In this great revolution led the main!

For while their savage inquisitions yet The deadly instruments of torture whet 'Neath which their life-blood heretics to spurt, The victims to convince thus and convert— Columbus brave his ships and sailors met, And westward ho! his sails of empire set. 25

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A world he found, compared to which inert The old one should become—America, thee! Creation's pearl! God's home for liberty!

Nor came it all at once! 'Tis true, they say:
"The laws of Heaven slowly work their way!"
The ocean, when upheaved, shows long his might,

And morning dawns but gradually from night. It would take volumes, not a roundelay, To record the slow gait of reason's sway—How people learned to see the wrong from right,

How sages tackled folly, crime, and fault, How men of iron nerves dared to revolt.

All hail to France! The foremost torch she lit:

Headlong she dared the strongest blow to hit

By which the hold of tyranny was rent From all of Europe. The whole continent With trembling saw the bold, unswerving grit, And slow but surely imitated it, Decreeing, 'midst the despot's fear and awe, Mankind's equality before the law! All hail to Germany, too, the fatherland!—
Though now once more she hurls the firebrand

Against her children. She will bewail ere long

Her latest crime, her monstrous, insane wrong.

Still shall her sons erect and proud yet stand. From out this crisis grows a free-born band Of brothers, singing the sublimest song.

A free republic will all creeds combine:

"Eine feste Burg" and "Wacht am Rhein!" †

All hail, Britannia, free and noble isle!
We have forgot our wrongs beneath thy smile.

Since "Magna Charta" came to rule and bless,

Like lightning flew oppression and distress. Her sentiments are truth, her law no guile; She knows but citizens—one vast, great pile, Secure beneath her reign. In tenderness God bless her! and clear that last stern frown!—

May Ireland, too, be jewel to her crown!

* Rock of Ages. + Guard of the Rhine.

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All hail, too, Italy! All hail, too, Spain!
Though ye have caused our tears to flow like rain,

And slow e'en now to follow in the wake
Of roads which more enlightened people
take.

Ye may, with Russia and few others, strain Against the spirit of the time. 'Tis vain! Beware, lest Heaven, outraged, crush and shake

You, dome and pit, and lay you in the dust! For in our days men will be free, and must!

Yes, hail, accursed Russia! Sure as fate
Full retribution will come soon or late,
For every drop of blood, for every tear,
For every anguish, every cry of fear
From orphans and from widows sent on
High;

For murder, outrage, violence, and, fie! Child-slaying—in our days, fresh in our ear— As infamous these deeds are in our time, Will sevenfold seven Russia wail the crime.

While "Glory! Hallelujah!" loud and long, Unto America shall be the song:

The Centenarian Republic live!
Cheers upon cheers united let us give!
Youngest of the nations! to thee belong
The honors that thy founders skyward flung,
The banner of our great prerogative,
The declaration of our liberty:
ALL MEN ARE INDEPENDENT! EQUAL!!
FREE!!!

In this rich panoply of manhood decked,
The Jew again stands forth, restored, erect.
He may untrammelled worship God, the
Great,

With others, as their consciences dictate.

Men, citizens, regardless creed or sect,

May loyal live, believe as they elect,

Without reproach to fellow-men or hate.

Our Hebrew people act as prototypes;

Hew down the arm raised 'gainst the Stars and Stripes!

Behold in marble chiselled the ideal Of all we suffered, passed, and loved, and feel:

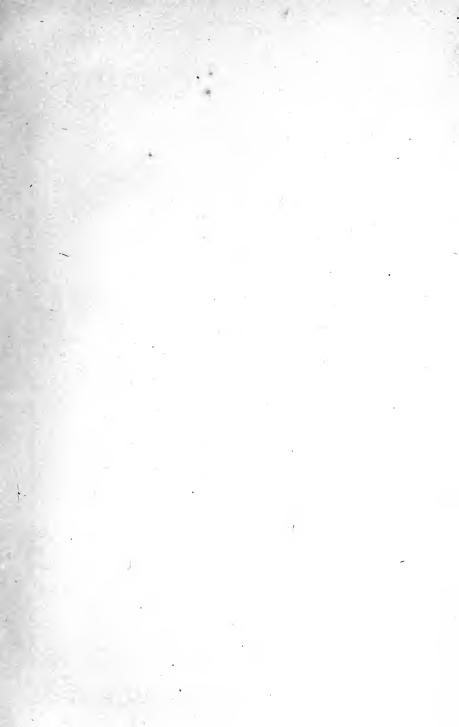
"Religious Liberty!" with eyes on high, Eagle and snake "Intolerance crushed" imply.

The Innocent makes by her side appeal
That light may future, better days reveal.
And if you ask us for the reason why,
Then thus be told: Fast comes the reign of
God

When mankind owns it-ADONAI ECHOD!

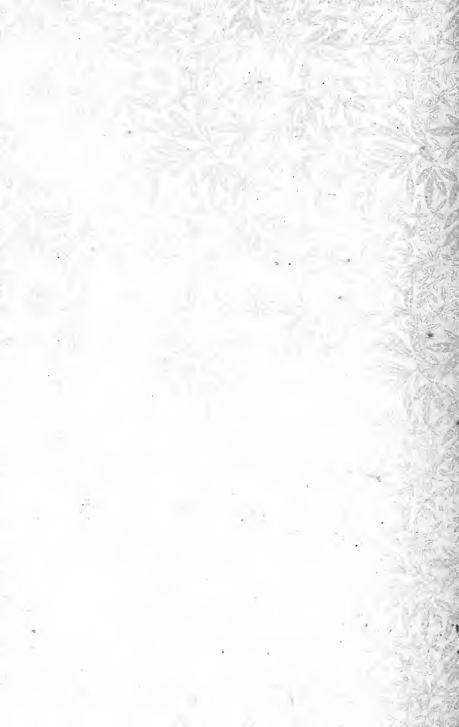
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